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Not all ESG scores are the same

FTSE Blossom Japan's impact on corporate behaviour and engagement

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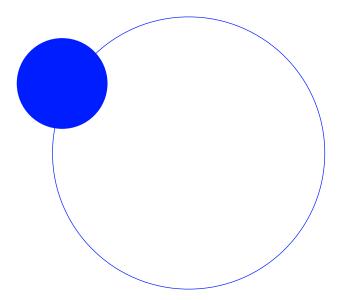
Quarterly analysis

As the NISA (Nippon Individual Savings account) rolls out, we consider ESG disclosure, ESG scores methodologies and ESG factors in Blossom Index performance.

This Japanese sustainable investment and futures report, written in collaboration with SGX, reviews the development of Japan's sustainability standards, the ESG performance of Japanese listed companies compared to the broad-market index, and the growth of index-linked SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures.

Key highlights from this quarter's analysis:

- FTSE Russell ESG data relies on publicly disclosed information, following a fully transparent approach
- ESG factors continue to drive the performance of the Blossom Index series
- The Notional Open Interest of the SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures remains robust at US\$119M as of end January 2024



ESG disclosure is essential both for ESG scores engagement and ESG index investing

Record monthly inflow into New NISA 2024

The new NISA (Nippon Individual Savings Account) started in January 2024, and the inflow of funds appears to be strong, partly because Japanese stocks have hit a new high for the first time in 34 years. According to newspaper reports, the total amount of purchases made through accounts at 10 securities companies, both face-to-face and online, exceeded 1.8 trillion yen in January 2024. Although a simple comparison cannot be made, the inflow of funds has been recorded at three times the pace of the old NISA - 80% of the funds flowed into online securities, and 60% of the funds flowed into investment trusts.

As we mentioned in our previous Japanese Sustainable Investment report, the new NISA includes ESG (sustainability) indices for the first time. One such index fund (ETF) that tracks the FTSE Blossom Japan Index is an index that invests in companies with excellent ESG disclosure based on FTSE ESG Scores.

FTSE Russell ESG Scores assessed by company disclosures

FTSE Russell's ESG database relies on publicly disclosed information. The rationale behind the data gathering is due to the data being "more reliable and less subjective compared to private, survey-based data" and to "enhance the transparency process". FTSE Russell ESG scores are based on more than 300 ESG-related indicators, applied depending on the business and country of operation. FTSE Russell states that this approach is "fully traceable: we are able to disclose the source from where data was collected, and the calculation methodologies for the companies' scores."

¹ Source: FTSE Russell, <u>Corporate engagement within sustainable investment</u>, August 2022.

Do larger companies tend to receive stronger ESG Scores due to more completed disclosures?

Some argue that there is a bias that large companies (Large Cap) tend to have higher scores because they disclose more information. However, this is not always the case. Conversely, it may be more difficult for large companies to obtain a high FTSE Russell ESG score than small and medium-sized companies.

First, the more activities and countries a company operates in, the more ESG indicators will be applied, and therefore the more disclosure around ESG information will be required. Given that large companies are more likely than small and medium-sized companies to diversify their operations and operate in multiple countries, it becomes difficult to get high score. Furthermore, in calculating the ESG score, we identify the exposure (low, medium, high) that signals the high degree of relevance for the company in each ESG theme. If the exposure is identified as high, the company will be required to disclosure more information to receive a higher score.

Second, there is a theme of "tax transparency" that applies only to large cap companies in Governance evaluations. With the exception of medium cap multinational companies which operate in some tax havens, this indicator does not apply to small and medium caps, meaning that non-disclosure does not affect their overall score.

Tax Transparency Theme (GTX)

The Tax Transparency Theme focuses on companies' tax transparency and oversight as the first step towards tax responsibility. Companies can be classified as having:

- Medium Exposure: All large cap companies classified as being from a Developed market
- Medium Exposure: Mid cap companies classified as being from a Developed market and companies operating in Primary Impact countries and that are also multinationals, regardless of Subsector
- No Exposure: Data is collected for large cap companies from Emerging markets but is not applied to their ESG Ratings

Exhibit 1. Tax Transparency Theme breakdown

Size	Market	Subsector Impact Category	Geography Countries *	Multinational	Exposure Identification
Large	Developed				М
Mid	Developed		/	✓	М
Large	Emerging				Data collected only

Source: FTSE Russell.

In fact, if you look at the average ESG score for large, medium and small caps in the FTSE classification, the average score for large stocks is certainly higher. We believe the reason for this is that large companies have the personnel and budget for dedicated department focused on sustainability. Whereas small and med cap companies may rely on departments such as investor relations, corporate affairs or accounting to handle sustainability and ESG disclosure.

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Additionally, regulations such as the TSE's Corporate Governance Code requiring disclosure of climate change risks in line with TCFD, and the requirement by the Financial Services Agency to disclose carbon emissions apply only to TSE Prime listed companies. This is potentially the reason why large caps are putting more effort into disclosing ESG information.

FTSE Russell ESG Scores are suitable for measuring engagement success

According to "Analysing the world's largest asset owner's approach to ESG engagement" which won the best paper award at the UN-PRI in Person academic session held in Japan in October 2023, the impact of ESG engagement by managers may be explained by differences in the ESG scoring methodologies. The paper concludes that the FTSE weighted score is more suitable.

Not all ESG scores or ESG indices are the same

Even when it comes to ESG scores or ESG indices, there are various methods and effects. The important thing is to first understand each ESG scoring methodology and the differences between them. Therefore, we should avoid investing in ESG indices for which the ESG scoring methodology is not clear.

It will be effective to compare long-term performance in investment decision or to diversify investments across multiple ESG indices with different ESG scoring methodologies.

ESG continues to drive Blossom Index series performance

In our previous report, we introduced the new ESG factor model in an attempt to better explain the strong performance of Blossom Japan Index Series over traditional market cap indices. Starting this quarter, we will be updating the performance of Blossom index series using this new ESG factor model.

Exhibit 2. FTSE Blossom index series continue to outperform market cap index



Source: FTSE Russell, data as of December 31, 2023.

While both FTSE Blossom Japan Index and FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index continued to outperform the traditional market cap index on accumulative return basis, there were some differences between the two indices on quarterly performance.

The Blossom Japan Index reported slight underperformance versus its reference benchmark by 69bp. As can be seen in its quarterly factor attribution analysis, the underperformance was primarily caused by negative contribution from Quality factor (-95bp). ESG factor, which remains to be the main positive contributor to the index's performance, added another +72bp to its accumulative return contribution.

In contrast to the Blossom Japan Index, the Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index outperformed its reference benchmark by +26bp. ESG factor was the largest contributor to its quarterly performance (+43bp), while Quality factor negatively attributed to the performance by -35bp.

Exhibit 3. Attribution Analysis (ESG Factor Model) for Blossom Japan Index and Blossom Japan SR Index

Attribution with Industry and Style Factor - Return Contribution (bps)									
Blossom Japan Index	Industry	Value	Quality	Volatility	Momentum	ESG	Residual	Total Excess	
2015/12/31 - 2023/9/30	-199	199	-60	-158	171	1,074	259	1,286	
2015/12/31 - 2023/12/31	-187	163	-155	-166	183	1,146	233	1,217	
Quarterly Change	12	-36	-95	-8	13	72	-26	-69	

Attribution with Industry and Style Factor - Return Contribution (bps)								
Blossom Japan SR Index	Industry	Value	Quality	Volatility	Momentum	ESG	Residual	Total Excess
2015/12/31 - 2023/9/30	-43	39	-116	-57	247	619	108	798
2015/12/31 - 2023/12/31	-24	34	-151	-60	255	663	107	823
Quarterly Change	18	-5	-35	-3	8	43	-1	26

Source: FTSE Russell, Data as of December 31, 2023. Data covers the period from December 31, 2015 to December 31, 2023

Blossom continues to outperform

The Notional Open Interest of the SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures remains robust at US\$119M as of end January 2024. The daily average turnover across a 12-month period (February 2023 – January 2024) was US\$3.7M, which further cements SGX's futures position as the most liquid Japan ESG contract.

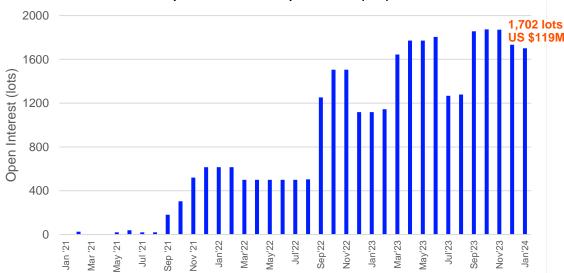


Exhibit 4. SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures Open Interest (lots)

Source: SGX. Data as of end January 2024. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see end for important legal disclosures.

The FTSE Blossom Japan Index continued to outperform against major Japanese benchmark indexes during the period Jan 2023 to Jan 2024, and the performance difference witnessed a historical peak of 4.45 percentage points on 23rd January 2024. To illustrate how derivatives futures can be used, we computed the performance of an initially market neutral portfolio composed of long SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index futures versus short Topix futures.

Assuming a funding cost of 3M JPY OIS rate + 100bps, a required total margin of 10% and no other transaction costs, the hypothetical portfolio returned a profit of 40% over the period.

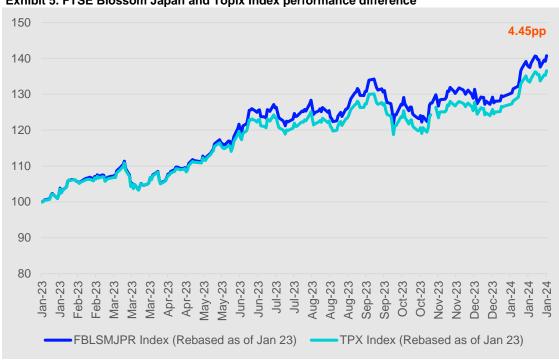


Exhibit 5. FTSE Blossom Japan and Topix Index performance difference

Source: SGX. FIA. Data as of end January 2024. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see end for important legal disclosures

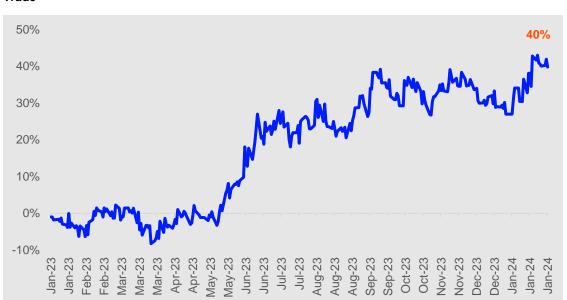


Exhibit 6. 1Y Net Profit (%) for FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures- TOPIX Index Futures Spread **Trade**

Source: Bloomberg. Data as of end January 2024. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see end for important legal disclosures.

With the expiry of the March 2024 futures contract, market participants were able to roll their futures position easily to the next quarterly contract which started on 15th February 2024. Exhibit 7 displays the increasing tradability of the futures contract over the past year, with meaningful Top of Book (TOB) size at **30 lots and spreads at 3bps** tight on average.

35 8 7 30 6 25 5 20 sdq 15 3 10 5 0 0 Mar-23 Jun-23 Sep-23 Dec-23 TOB size (LHS) Spread in bps (RHS)

Exhibit 7. SGX FTSE Blossom Japan Index Futures Screen Orderbook for Calendar spreads

Source: SGX. Data as of end January 2024. Trading hours exclude lunch break between 11.30–12.30 (JST). Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see end for important legal disclosures

As we approach the dividend season in Japan, ex-dividend date is expected to be on 28th March 2024 for stocks in the FTSE Blossom Japan Index. SGX's Blossom futures serve as a convenient tool to equitise dividends in portfolios benched to the FTSE Blossom Japan Index as well as other Japanese benchmarks such as FTSE Japan All Cap Indexes.

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