# **Fixed Income Insights**

### MONTHLY REPORT - JANUARY 2023 | US EDITION

FOR PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS ONLY

## Fed caution predominates, but softer data suggests tightening pause nearing

The global bond rally lost steam in December after central banks implemented further rate hikes to control sticky inflation, despite softer inflation data. UK gilts (10/2s) recovered from the turmoil in September in Q4, while EM IL bonds outperformed in 2022. A weaker US dollar in Q4 boosted overseas returns in US dollars.

#### Growth and inflation expectations - An end to synchronized rate hikes?

Falling inflation and weaker growth increase the likelihood of a central bank tightening pause in H1, 2023. But regional divergences in inflation and the impact of energy shocks suggest further policy divergence in 2023. (page 2)

**Yields, curves and spreads – Most G7 sovereign yields fell in Q4, despite the back-up in December** G7 conventional bond yields spiked up in December, after the November rally, following a series of central bank rate rises. JGBs reached the top of their newly-raised upper band. (pages 3-4)

**Performance – Shorter UK gilts shone in Q4, but EM IL were the best performers in 2022 and long gilts the worst** EM inflation-linked bonds, up 6-19% in USD, gained the most in 2022, while long gilts lost up to minus 56%. (pages 5-7)

Sovereign and climate bonds – Climate WGBI outperformed WGBI in Q4, despite losses in December

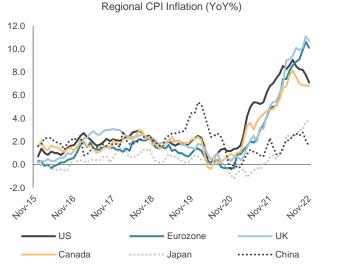
Despite gains in Q4, Climate WGBI and WGBI ended 2022 with negative returns, notably in longer-dated maturities. (page 8)

### Appendix

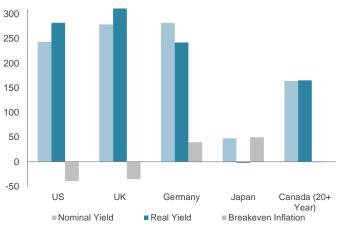
Global bond market returns, historical bond yields, bond market durations and market values and foreign exchange returns.

Chart 1: Peaking? YoY inflation has been easing in the US, Canada and China, but not in Japan, and very modestly so in the Eurozone and UK.

Chart 2: Real yields have been pushing up nominal yields in the US, UK, Canada, and mostly in Germany. Japan is the outlier.







Source: FTSE Russell. All data as of December 31, 2022. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered 'research' for the purposes of MIFID II. Please see the end for important legal disclosures. Bond market data is derived from FTSE Fixed Income Indices. See Appendix for list of indices used for each market.



# Macroeconomic Backdrop – Growth and Inflation Expectations

As 2023 begins, G7 central banks continue to prioritize flighting inflation, despite recession risks with the Fed dashing hopes of an early pivot in December, even if the BoC hinted at a pause. More generally, recession risks, sizeable tightening in 2022, lags in its impact on inflation and lower energy prices make a pause in tightening more likely in Q1/Q2, 2023.

Consensus growth expectations highlight negative or weak economic growth for most G7 countries and China in 2023, reflecting the scale of 2022 policy tightening, and energy and Ukraine shocks. The UK is forecast to contract the most in 2023 (Chart 1).

G7 inflation levels eased a little due to weakening growth and lower energy prices in Q4 2022. Reducing shelter and core service sector inflation remain key priorities for US Fed Chairman Powell. In China, lower inflation gives the PBoC more room to maneuver in providing policy stimulus if the post-Covid restrictions period heralds a big dip in growth (Chart 2).

Most G7 central banks tightened further to control inflation in December (Chart 3). The BoJ maintained its yield curve control policy in principle, but surprised markets by widening its tolerance band (to +/- 50bp) for the 10-year JGB yield.

The US Fed's quantitative tightening (QT) is running at approx. \$1.1trn p.a. Fed estimates suggest a \$2.5 trillion reduction in the balance sheet equates to an extra 50bp on Fed Funds (Chart 4).But the Fed has stressed the Fed funds rate is the key policy tool.

\*Crawley, Edmund, Etienne Gagnon, James Hebden, and James Trevino. 2022. "Substitutability between Balance Sheet Reductions and Policy Rate Hikes: Some Illustrations and a Discussion." FEDS Notes. Washington: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (June 2022).

Chart 1: Consensus 2023 GDP growth expectations in December project a sharp slowdown, but with net contraction only in the UK and Eurozone. The Covid surge increases uncertainty in China.

Latest Consensus GDP Forecasts (%, December 2022)										
	2021	2022	2023							
US	5.6	1.9	0.3							
UK	7.2	4.4	-0.9							
Eurozone	5.2	3.2	-0.1							
Japan	1.6	1.6	1.1							
China	8.1	3.2	5.0							
Canada	4.7	3.2	0.8							

Chart 3: Steep G7 central bank rate rises were main drivers of the tightening in financial conditions in 2022. But policies in Japan and China diverged, increasing the rate differentials with other nations.

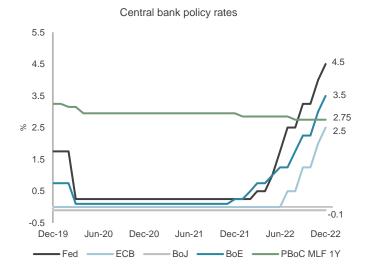
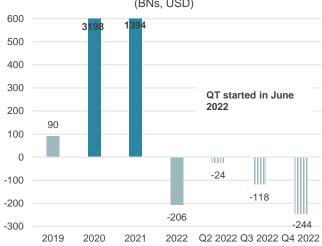


Chart 2: Inflation for most G7 countries is expected to remain sticky in 2023, and well above target, despite some signs of easing and steep rate rises. China is an outlier with low inflation.

Consensus Inflation Forecasts (%, December 2022)										
	2022	Change Since Jan-22 (Bps)	2023	Change Since Jan-22 (Bps)						
US	8.1	340	4.1	170						
UK	9.1	460	7.4	520						
Eurozone	8.5	550	6.0	430						
Japan	2.8	190	1.8	110						
China	2.2	0	2.3	20						
Canada	6.8	330	3.6	140						

Chart 4: Getting slimmer? The Fed's balance sheet is contracting at about \$1trn per annum. Fed estimates show a \$2.5 trillion reduction sheet equates to an extra 50bp on Fed Funds.



# Change in the size of the Fed's balance sheet (BNs, USD)

# **Global Yields, Curves and Spread Analysis**

Chart 1: G7 conventional bond yields spiked up in December after the November rally, following a series of G7 rate rises and despite cautious central bank messaging. JGBs reached top of new band.

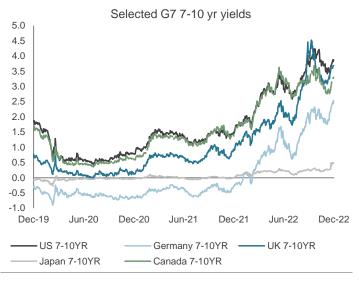


Chart 3: Despite spiking up as central banks raised rates further, G7 10/2s yield curves stayed inverted (except in Japan and the UK). JGB yields ticked up as the BoJ widened its curve control bands.

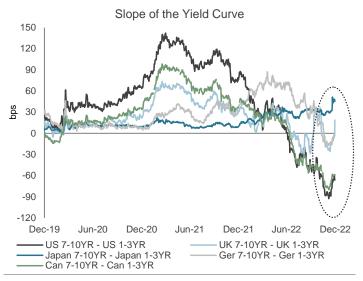


Chart 5: Besides the UK, regional breakevens have stabilized after the 2021 rise during the reflation trade and brief spike after the Ukraine invasion. Fiscal consolidation reduced UK b/evens in Q4.

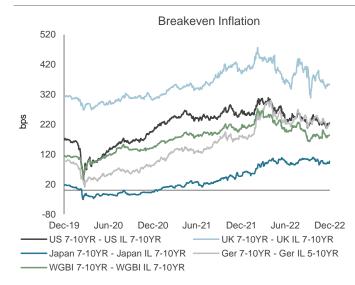


Chart 2: Inflation-linked bond yields have mostly risen in 2022, though there was an initial, short-lived, decline post the Ukraine invasion shock, as investors sought inflation protection.



Chart 4: A similar story applies to the long end, with the JGB curve having resisted the big flattening trend, due to BoJ curve control. Note the degree of curve flattening since policy tightening began.

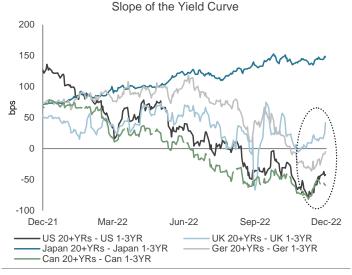


Chart 6: Short breakevens globally led longer ones lower since the Ukraine spike, as commodity prices fell. Short breakevens were often below long b/evens during the pre-Covid, low inflation era.



Short, medium and longer term global inflation b/evens

# Yield Spread and Credit Spread Analysis

Chart 1: US sovereign spreads proved pro-cyclical in 2020-2022, collapsing with US yields on Covid before increasing in the reflation trade as the Fed tightened. Recent moves may augur a repeat?

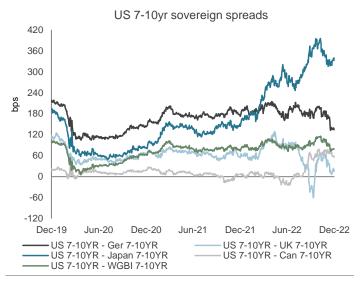
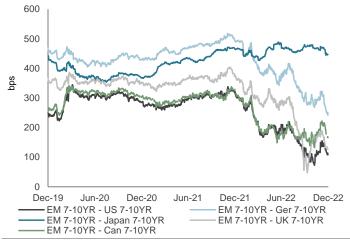
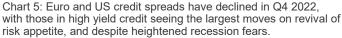


Chart 3: Crisis, what EM crisis? EM sovereign spreads have collapsed during 2022 versus their 7-10-year G7 peers, thanks to official support and regional policy divergences (i.e., China).

EM 7-10yr spreads v US, Germany, Japan, UK, Canada





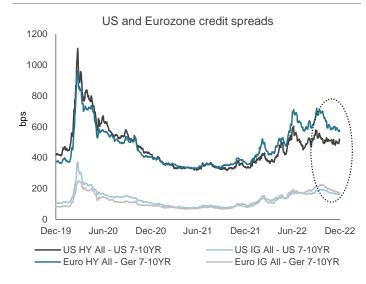
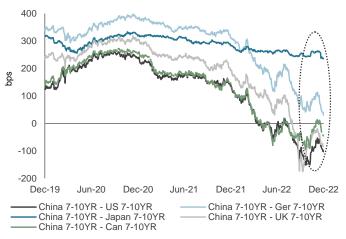


Chart 2: Despite support from ECB market operations, Italian sovereign spreads have been volatile in 2022 as systemic risk increased with the Ukraine invasion shock and rising rates.

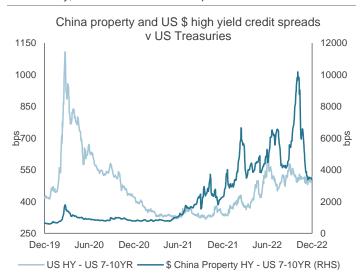


Chart 4: China sovereign spreads have fallen sharply in 2022 versus the G7, and less so vs Japan, where the BoJ retained curve control. China's correlation to the G7 financial cycle remains low.



China sovereign spreads v US, Germany, Japan, UK, Canada

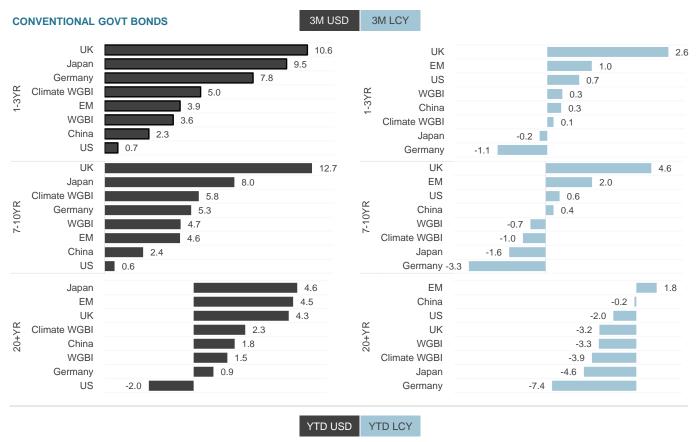
Chart 6: Chinese \$ high-yield spreads tightened further (3400bp) in December, after support measures for the property sector and the US HY rally, but remained well above pre-Covid levels.

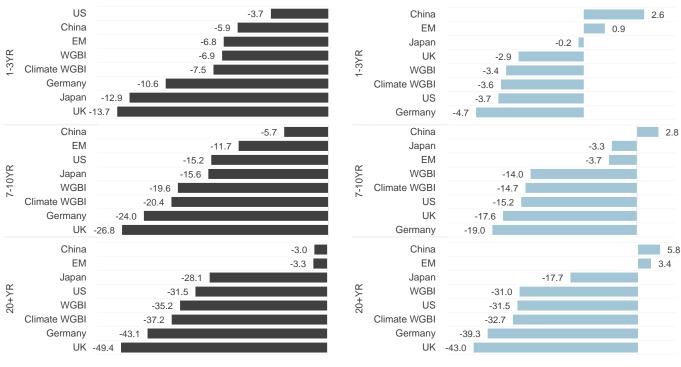


The global bond rally lost steam in December after central banks maintained their hawkish policy stances to tame inflation. However, softer economic data revived hopes future central bank tightening measures may be more modest in 2023. G7 bonds generally gained in Q4, as inflation eased, and the dollar weakened, which boosted overseas returns.

UK government bonds rallied in Q4 with the best performance in shorts and mediums, with gains of 11-13% in US dollars. Fiscal consolidation restored calm to the gilt market. Bunds continued to suffer after the ECB dashed hopes of an early policy pivot.

Returns remained negative across all regions and maturities in 2022, in dollar terms. China (and EM) sovereigns have been the most resilient, benefiting from a divergent monetary regime and low inflation, as Covid lockdowns restricted economic growth.

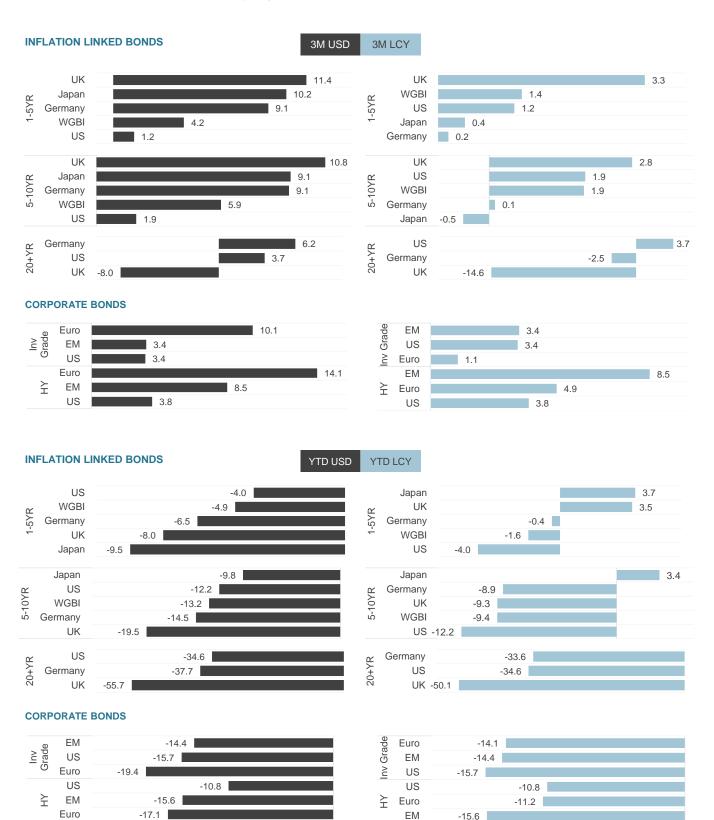




Like their conventional equivalents, inflation-linked also rallied in Q4, reversing some of the deep losses in 2022. Short and medium-dated UK IL gilts performed strongly after the Autumn Statement reassured markets, but long gilt returns remained negative after the mini-budget trauma. Credit also gained from the prospect of less aggressive future rate rises.

Short and medium-dated UK index-linked bonds rallied in Q4, supported by expectations of a modest index-linked issuance calendar in 2002-23, but losses remained substantial for 2022. Long German inflation-linked bonds gained 6%, in US dollar terms.

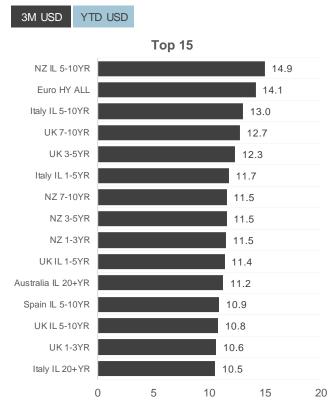
Risk appetite recovered in Q4, underpinning rallies in EM, US and notably, Euro high yield credits and investment grade corporates. However, the 2022 returns remained deeply negative in US dollars.



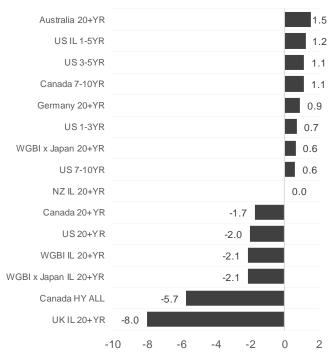
# The Q4 bond rally saw long-dated New Zealand and Australian inflation-linked bonds, peripheral European sovereigns IL, euro high yield credit and gilts take up the lead, but EM inflation-linked bonds have returned the most in 2022.

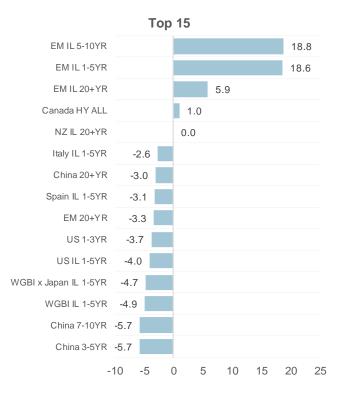
Revival for risk appetite in Q4 saw peripheral European sovereigns gained 11-13% in US dollars, though long-dated New Zealand inflation-linked bonds outperformed with a nearly 15% return, followed closely by European high yield credit.

EM inflation-linked bonds have maintained their lead in 2022, with returns of 6-19% in US dollar terms. Long-dated gilts have underperformed the most, with returns of minus 49-56% in dollar terms.

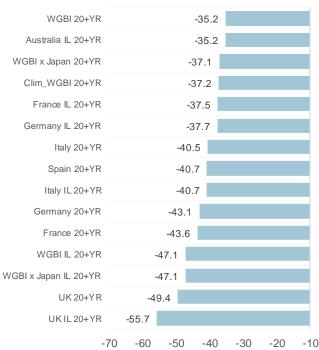








Bottom 15



Source: FTSE Russell. All data as of December 31, 2022. This analysis is taken from 100+ FTSE Russell sub-indices. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures. Bond market data is derived from FTSE Fixed Income Indices. See Appendix Glossary for list of Indices used for each market. For professional investors only.

# Sovereign and Climate Bonds Analysis

Chart 1: Climate WGBI reversed its gains vs WGBI in December, returning to levels last seen in early Q4, amid a volatile period.

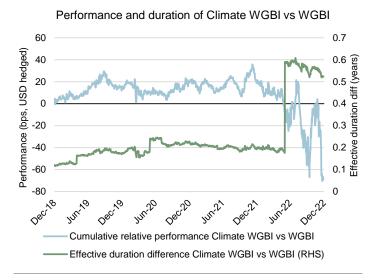


Chart 3: Climate WGBI has a lower yield to maturity versus WGBI, reflecting the higher weight of lower yield European issuers.



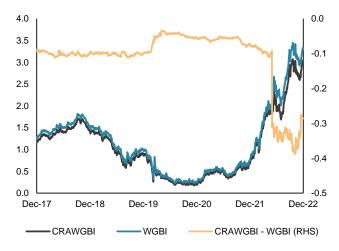


Chart 5: Yield differentials between 20yr+ Climate WGBI and WGBI have widened in 2022 compared to previous years.

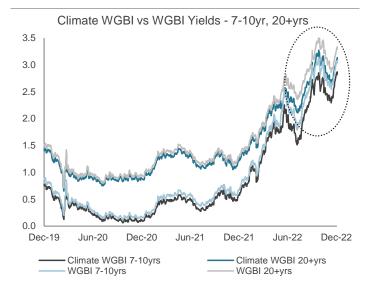


Chart 2: Overweights in the UK and Italy helped relative performance of Climate WGBI but the US underweight did not.

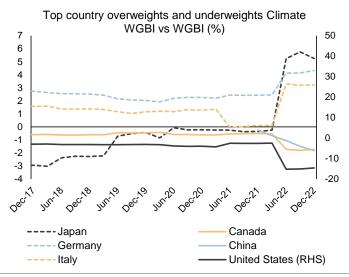


Chart 4: Big differences in Credit Quality: Climate WGBI has a lower weight in AA and a higher weight in AAA, A & BBB vs WGBI.

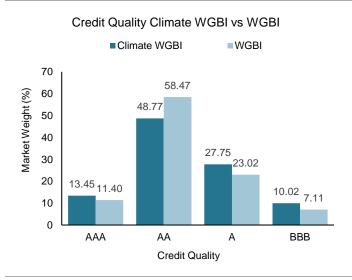
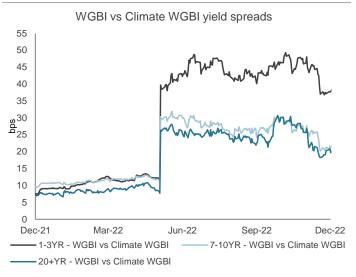


Chart 6: Longer-dated spreads between Climate WGBI and WGBI have remained relatively stable at around 25bp.



### **Government Bond Returns**

Green highlight indicates highest 15%, red indicates lowest 15%.

		3	м	6	м	Ŷ	TD	12M		
		Local	USD	Local	USD	Local	USD	Local	USD	
US	1-3YR	0.69	0.69	-0.88	-0.88	-3.74	-3.74	-3.74	-3.74	
	7-10YR	0.61	0.61	-5.22	-5.22	-15.22	-15.22	-15.22	-15.22	
	20+YR	-2.02	-2.02	-12.60	-12.60	-31.54	-31.54	-31.54	-31.54	
	IG All	3.37	3.37	-1.78	-1.78	-15.68	-15.68	-15.68	-15.68	
	HY All	3.80	3.80	3.32	3.32	-10.83	-10.83	-10.83	-10.83	
UK	1-3YR	2.64	10.60	-1.28	-2.22	-2.86	-13.73	-2.86	-13.73	
	7-10YR	4.60	12.72	-9.74	-10.60	-17.61	-26.83	-17.61	-26.83	
	20+YR	-3.24	4.27	-22.13	-22.88	-43.00	-49.38	-43.00	-49.38	
EUR	IG All	1.05	10.09	-2.09	-0.05	-14.09	-19.37	-14.09	-19.37	
	HY All	4.88	14.12	4.25	6.10	-11.17	-17.09	-11.17	-17.09	
Japan	1-3YR	-0.17	9.52	-0.19	2.77	-0.23	-12.92	-0.23	-12.92	
	7-10YR	-1.59	7.96	-1.65	1.26	-3.29	-15.60	-3.29	-15.60	
	20+YR	-4.60	4.65	-7.67	-4.93	-17.67	-28.15	-17.67	-28.15	
China	1-3YR	0.30	2.31	1.16	-2.59	2.65	-5.89	2.65	-5.89	
	7-10YR	0.35	2.36	1.61	-2.16	2.82	-5.73	2.82	-5.73	
	20+YR	-0.16	1.84	3.26	-0.56	5.77	-3.03	5.77	-3.03	
EM	1-3YR	0.97	3.95	1.97	-0.56	0.93	-6.80	0.93	-6.80	
	7-10YR	2.03	4.62	2.99	0.05	-3.68	-11.66	-3.68	-11.66	
	20+YR	1.78	4.47	4.08	1.34	3.41	-3.30	3.41	-3.30	
	IG All	3.43	3.43	-0.32	-0.32	-14.39	-14.39	-14.39	-14.39	
	HY All	8.49	8.49	4.84	4.84	-15.59	-15.59	-15.59	-15.59	
Germany	1-3YR	-1.08	7.76	-2.61	-0.58	-4.71	-10.58	-4.71	-10.58	
	7-10YR	-3.34	5.30	-8.59	-6.68	-19.01	-23.99	-19.01	-23.99	
	20+YR	-7.39	0.89	-16.96	-15.23	-39.32	-43.05	-39.32	-43.05	
Italy	1-3YR	0.03	8.97	-1.99	0.06	-4.23	-10.12	-4.23	-10.12	
	7-10YR	-0.43	8.47	-7.29	-5.36	-19.91	-24.84	-19.91	-24.84	
	20+YR	-4.57	3.96	-15.30	-13.53	-36.62	-40.52	-36.62	-40.52	
Spain	1-3YR	-0.83	8.04	-2.72	-0.69	-5.25	-11.08	-5.25	-11.08	
	7-10YR	-2.17	6.58	-7.45	-5.52	-19.02	-24.00	-19.02	-24.00	
	20+YR	-4.65	3.88	-13.08	-11.26	-36.83	-40.72	-36.83	-40.72	
France	1-3YR	-1.24	7.59	-2.95	-0.93	-5.21	-11.04	-5.21	-11.04	
	7-10YR	-3.05	5.62	-7.83	-5.91	-18.78	-23.78	-18.78	-23.78	
	20+YR	-5.43	3.02	-14.17	-12.38	-39.93	-43.62	-39.93	-43.62	
Sweden	1-3YR	-0.37	6.11	-0.91	-2.55	-3.59	-16.23	-3.59	-16.23	
	7-10YR	-1.24	5.19	-4.55	-6.12	-15.32	-26.41	-15.32	-26.41	
	20+YR					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Australia	1-3YR	0.85	6.37	0.55	-0.83	-2.52	-9.07	-2.52	-9.07	
	7-10YR	-0.24	5.23	-1.19	-2.55	-14.25	-20.02	-14.25	-20.02	
	20+YR	-3.77	1.50	-6.92	-8.21	-28.52	-33.32	-28.52	-33.32	
NZ	1-3YR	-0.28	11.49	-0.68	1.03	-1.76	-9.25	-1.76	-9.25	
	7-10YR	-0.23	11.55	-2.66	-0.98	-11.78	-18.50	-11.78	-18.50	
Canada	1-3YR	0.44	1.66	-0.01	-4.81	-3.84	-10.36	-3.84	-10.36	
	7-10YR	-0.10	1.12	0.81	-4.02	-11.53	-17.53	-11.53	-17.53	
	20+YR	-2.91	-1.73	-1.10	-5.84	-24.41	-29.53	-24.41	-29.53	

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Top 15% Bottom 15%

#### Inflation-Linked Bond Returns

Top 15% Bottom 15%

Green highlight indicates top 15%, red indicates bottom 15%.

		3	М	6	М	Ŷ	TD	12M		
		Local	USD	Local	USD	Local	USD	Local	USD	
US	1-5YR	1.23	1.23	-2.04	-2.04	-4.04	-4.04	-4.04	-4.04	
	5-10YR	1.89	1.89	-3.69	-3.69	-12.17	-12.17	-12.17	-12.17	
	20+YR	3.75	3.75	-10.94	-10.94	-34.61	-34.61	-34.61	-34.61	
UK	1-5YR	3.34	11.36	1.12	0.16	3.55	-8.04	3.55	-8.04	
	5-10YR	2.80	10.78	-5.12	-6.02	-9.35	-19.49	-9.35	-19.49	
	20+YR	-14.63	-8.01	-24.15	-24.88	-50.08	-55.66	-50.08	-55.66	
EUxUK	1-5YR	0.17	9.12	-2.36	-0.33	-0.40	-6.52	-0.40	-6.52	
	5-10YR	0.12	9.07	-4.53	-2.54	-8.91	-14.52	-8.91	-14.52	
	20+YR	-2.48	6.24	-12.12	-10.28	-33.59	-37.68	-33.59	-37.68	
Japan	1-5YR	0.43	10.18	1.00	3.99	3.70	-9.50	3.70	-9.50	
-	5-10YR	-0.51	9.14	0.43	3.41	3.35	-9.80	3.35	-9.80	
EM	1-5YR	3.35	5.67	7.26	4.93	21.36	18.63	21.36	18.63	
	5-10YR	5.36	8.01	9.91	7.88	23.64	18.80	23.64	18.80	
	20+YR	2.34	6.00	4.81	5.27	2.17	5.87	2.17	5.87	
Germany	1-5YR	0.17	9.12	-2.36	-0.33	-0.40	-6.52	-0.40	-6.52	
-	5-10YR	0.12	9.07	-4.53	-2.54	-8.91	-14.52	-8.91	-14.52	
	20+YR	-2.48	6.24	-12.12	-10.28	-33.59	-37.68	-33.59	-37.68	
Italy	1-5YR	2.56	11.74	0.15	2.23	3.77	-2.61	3.77	-2.61	
	5-10YR	3.73	13.01	-2.07	-0.03	-7.27	-12.97	-7.27	-12.97	
	20+YR	1.45	10.52	-12.29	-10.46	-36.84	-40.72	-36.84	-40.72	
Spain	1-5YR	0.89	9.92	-0.41	1.66	3.20	-3.15	3.20	-3.15	
	5-10YR	1.75	10.85	-1.88	0.17	-6.67	-12.41	-6.67	-12.41	
France	1-5YR	0.80	9.81	-3.12	-1.10	0.35	-5.82	0.35	-5.82	
	5-10YR	0.70	9.70	-4.26	-2.26	-7.45	-13.14	-7.45	-13.14	
	20+YR	0.03	8.98	-9.41	-7.52	-33.45	-37.55	-33.45	-37.55	
Sweden	1-5YR	1.86	8.48	2.22	0.53	2.19	-11.20	2.19	-11.20	
	5-10YR	0.26	6.79	-2.99	-4.59	-6.21	-18.50	-6.21	-18.50	
Australia	1-5YR	3.28	8.94	1.31	-0.09	-0.07	-6.79	-0.07	-6.79	
	5-10YR	3.43	9.09	1.80	0.40	-8.05	-14.24	-8.05	-14.24	
	20+YR	5.46	11.24	-1.03	-2.40	-30.57	-35.24	-30.57	-35.24	
NZ	5-10YR	2.80	14.94	2.38	4.14	-5.20	-12.43	-5.20	-12.43	
	20+YR	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Canada	20+YR	2.97	4.22	3.96	-1.03	-14.78	-20.56	-14.78	-20.56	

### **Global Bond Yields**

Green highlight indicates top 15%, red indicates bottom 15%.

		Conv	entional go	overnment l	oonds	Inflat	ion-linked b	onds	Inv Grade	High Yld
		1-3YR	3-5YR	7-10YR	20+YR	1-5YR	5-10YR	20+YR	All Mat	All Mat
US	Current	4.54	4.13	3.88	4.11	2.09	1.68	1.82	5.50	9.00
	3M Ago	4.31	4.18	3.83	3.95	2.11	1.82	1.95	5.72	9.55
	6M Ago	2.96	3.03	2.97	3.28	-0.04	0.64	1.14	4.74	8.86
	12M Ago	0.69	1.14	1.45	1.91	-2.21	-1.30	-0.45	2.41	4.87
UK	Current	3.50	3.65	3.69	3.92	-0.68	0.15	0.49		
	3M Ago	4.39	4.44	4.16	3.72	-0.88	0.08	-0.16		
	6M Ago	1.94	1.91	2.15	2.57	-2.66	-1.56	-0.70		
	12M Ago	0.60	0.89	1.10	1.25	-3.49	-2.94	-2.18		
Japan	Current	0.03	0.15	0.48	1.50	-1.22	-0.54			
	3M Ago	-0.07	0.01	0.26	1.27	-1.37	-0.78			
	6M Ago	-0.09	-0.02	0.24	1.12	-1.29	-0.73			
	12M Ago	-0.09	-0.06	0.06	0.65	-0.63	-0.61			
China	Current	2.28	2.53	2.85	3.26					
	3M Ago	2.06	2.42	2.79	3.21					
	6M Ago	2.19	2.53	2.87	3.36					
	12M Ago	2.35	2.43	2.79	3.39					
EM	Current	3.78	4.38	4.95	4.61	2.79	3.04	5.15	5.92	11.40
	3M Ago	3.70	4.31	5.05	4.78	2.51	3.42	5.19	6.09	13.35
	6M Ago	3.64	4.45	5.07	4.92	2.79	3.28	5.25	5.08	12.30
	12M Ago	3.39	3.73	4.69	4.70	3.13	3.41	4.79	2.71	7.95
Germany	Current	2.56	2.53	2.54	2.51	0.40	0.34	0.18		
	3M Ago	1.66	1.82	2.03	2.11	-0.52	-0.10	-0.07		
	6M Ago	0.56	0.93	1.26	1.61	-1.62	-0.95	-0.59		
	12M Ago	-0.65	-0.44	-0.18	0.12	-2.54	-1.94	-1.79		
Italy	Current	3.34	3.72	4.38	4.72	1.16	2.19	2.18		
	3M Ago	2.87	3.45	4.16	4.37	-0.14	2.02	2.10		
	6M Ago	1.34	2.12	3.04	3.60	-1.94	0.78	1.49		
	12M Ago	-0.16	0.67	1.38	2.21	-1.99	-0.44	0.48		
France	Current	2.85	2.82	2.97	3.30	0.15	0.44	0.77		
	3M Ago	1.91	2.12	2.46	2.99	-0.58	0.21	0.63		
	6M Ago	0.81	1.23	1.76	2.49	-2.85	-0.79	0.17		
	12M Ago	-0.57	0.05	0.47	1.12	-2.53	-1.52	-0.90		
Sweden	Current	2.80	2.65	2.37		-0.24	0.25			
	3M Ago	2.31	2.41	2.22		-0.72	-0.23			
	6M Ago	1.74	1.82	1.75		-1.30	-1.01			
	12M Ago	-0.18	0.43	0.65		-1.73	-1.51			
Australia	Current	3.43	3.62	4.01	4.37	0.60	1.45	1.88		
	3M Ago	3.44	3.64	3.87	4.10	0.80	1.58	2.01		
	6M Ago	2.92	3.30	3.62	3.86	-0.46	0.97	1.65		
	12M Ago	0.66	1.79	2.18	2.78	-1.06	-0.28	0.63		
NZ	Current	5.00	4.62	4.46	4.54	1.54	2.06			
	3M Ago	4.20	4.25	4.30	4.62	1.21	2.13			
	6M Ago	3.54	3.67	3.87	4.17	0.81	1.78			
	12M Ago	1.78	2.61	2.79	3.13	-0.13	0.60			
Canada	Current	3.90		3.30	3.31			1.33	5.27	7.34
	3M Ago	3.65		3.19	3.13			1.43	5.20	7.38
	6M Ago	3.08		3.21	3.18			1.23	4.83	6.98
	12M Ago	1.01		1.37	1.67			-0.32	2.45	4.49

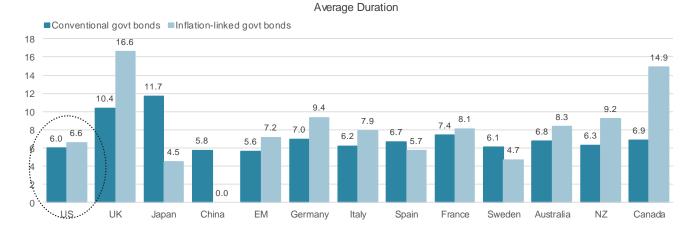
Source: FTSE Russell. All data as of December 31, 2022. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures. Bond market data is derived from FTSE Fixed Income Indices. See Appendix Glossary for list of indices used for each market. For professional investors only.

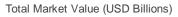
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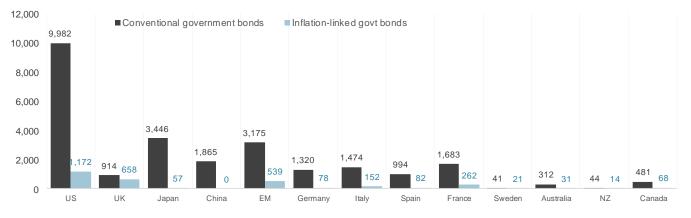
# Appendix – Duration and Market Value (USD, Bn) as of December 31, 2022

			Inflation-linked government bonds											
		Durat	ion			Marke	et Value			Duration		N	/larket Vali	ue
	3-5YR	7-10YR	20+YR	Overall	3-5YR	7-10YR	20+YR	Total	5-10YR	20+YR	Overall	5-10YR	20+YR	Total
US	3.7	7.6	17.4	6.0	2,144.7	1,003.3	1,185.5	9,981.6	6.9	21.5	6.6	415.0	122.1	1172.0
UK	3.6	7.8	18.9	10.4	83.9	117.2	282.4	913.6	7.1	29.0	16.6	118.0	247.6	657.7
Japan	3.9	7.9	23.7	11.7	387.1	498.9	685.1	3,445.7	6.9		4.5	25.5		56.6
China	3.6	7.6	17.5	5.8	424.1	295.4	227.4	1,865.1						
EM	3.5	7.0	15.7	5.6	691.81	560.63	319.52	3,175.2	5.4	13.7	7.2	109.5	133.6	539.0
Germany	3.9	7.6	20.6	7.0	269.59	218.98	131.18	1,319.5	6.9	22.4	9.4	29.2	16.4	78.1
Italy	3.6	7.3	16.3	6.2	307.87	215.22	122.30	1,474.5	6.9	26.9	7.9	51.8	4.8	152.5
Spain	3.7	7.7	17.7	6.7	189.43	175.51	93.12	994.0	6.1		5.7	38.6		81.7
France	3.7	7.8	20.2	7.4	318.42	300.09	190.65	1,682.8	6.9	24.8	8.1	109.8	18.8	262.4
Sweden	3.7	8.2		6.1	7.58	9.02		40.6	6.0		4.7	12.5		20.6
Australia	3.7	8.0	17.8	6.8	54.86	85.31	14.73	312.5	7.7	22.9	8.3	9.1	2.6	31.5
NZ	3.6	7.9	17.6	6.3	8.40	6.26	2.21	44.2	6.8		9.2	3.1		13.8
Canada		7.5	18.1	6.9		161.50	85.10	481.2		14.9	14.9		68.0	68.0

	Investment grade bonds											Yield
	Duration							Market Valu	Duration	MktVal		
	AAA	AA	А	BBB	Overall	AAA	AA	А	BBB	Overall		
US	10.4	8.6	7.2	6.8	7.1	77.2	422.1	2,349.2	3,235.8	6,084.3	4.3	1,121.8
Euro	6.5	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.6	8.5	165.3	1,027.4	1,380.7	2,581.9	3.2	413.7
EM		5.7	4.8	5.1	5.0		37.20	211.57	353.0	601.7	3.6	209.1



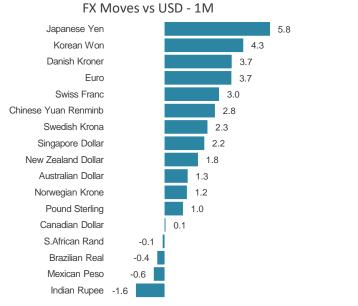




Data as of 2022-12-30

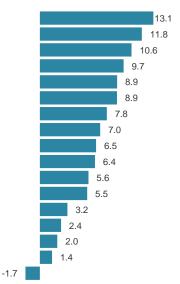
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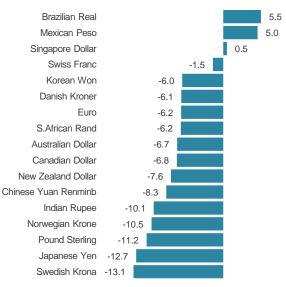




#### FX Moves vs USD - 3M

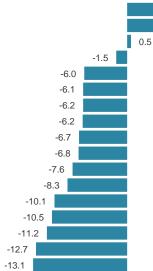


FX Moves vs USD - 12M



FX Moves vs USD - YTD

Brazilian Real Mexican Peso Singapore Dollar Swiss Franc Korean Won Danish Kroner Euro S.African Rand Australian Dollar Canadian Dollar New Zealand Dollar Chinese Yuan Renminb Indian Rupee Norwegian Krone Pound Sterling Japanese Yen Swedish Krona



# Appendix – Glossary

#### Bond markets are based on the following indices:

FTSE World Government Bond Index (WGBI) for all global government bond markets

FTSE World Inflation-Linked Securities Index (WorldILSI) for all global inflation-linked bond markets

FTSE US Broad Investment-Grade Bond Index (USBIG®) for the US corporate bond market

FTSE US High-Yield Market Index for the US high yield bond market

FTSE Euro Broad Investment-Grade Bond Index (EuroBIG®) for the Euro-denominated corporate bond market

FTSE European High-Yield Market Index for the European high yield market

FTSE Chinese Government and Policy Bank Bond Index (CNGPBI) for the Chinese government bond market

FTSE Emerging Markets Inflation-Linked Securities Index (EMILSI) for the emerging markets inflation-linked bond market

FTSE Emerging Markets Government Bond Index (EMGBI) for the emerging markets government bond market. Please note that over 50% of this index is invested in China

FTSE Emerging Markets Broad Bond Index (EMUSDBBI) for the emerging markets corporate bond market

FTSE ESG World Government Bond Index for the global government bond markets with an ESG tilt

FTSE Climate Risk-Adjusted World Government Bond Index (Climate WGBI) and FTSE Advanced Climate Risk-Adjusted World Government Bond Index (Advanced Climate WGBI) for each country's relative exposure to climate risk, with respect to resilience and preparedness to the risks of climate change

#### List of Abbreviations used in charts:

- IL = Inflation-linked bonds
- IG = Investment-grade bonds
- HY = High-yield bonds
- BPS = Basis points
- EM = Emerging market
- LC = Local currency

Source: FTSE Russell. All data as of December 31, 2022. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures. For professional investors only.



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