Performance Insights

MONTHLY REPORT - JANUARY 2024 | EUR EDITION

FOR PROFESSIONAL INVESTORS ONLY

Markets close volatile year on high, expecting end to tighter monetary policy

Global stock and bond markets ended 2023 with a broad-based risk-on rally in November and December, expecting the end of the "higher-for-longer" monetary policy regime, amid easing inflation trends in many major markets. In Q4, declining long yields were supportive of long-duration bonds, while the USD, crude oil and defensive equities lost ground.

Global asset classes - Q4 risk-on rallies help markets end year in green

The broad-based Q4 recovery helped most asset classes post strong returns for 2023, with the notable exception of crude oil and the broad commodity index which posted losses. Currency moves against the USD over the year were mixed. (page 3)

Global equities – US fares best, followed by Europe

Europe, Asia Pacific and the US outperformed the FTSE All-World in Q4, while Emerging Europe lagged the most. Over 12M, US equities led, followed by Europe, with the Emerging index last. China was a major laggard. (page 4)

Industry returns – Cyclicals finish year on top

Technology, discretionary and industrials were top performing industries on average across regions. Defensives struggled, posting losses or lagging in most regions. (page 5)

Alternative indices – European and UK REITs outperform

REITs in Europe and the UK rebounded in Q4 to outperform their benchmarks in 2023. Despite Q4 reversals, all Core Infrastructure indices underperformed in 2023, while most FTSE4Good indices outperformed. Environmental Opportunities indices posted mixed results. (page 8)

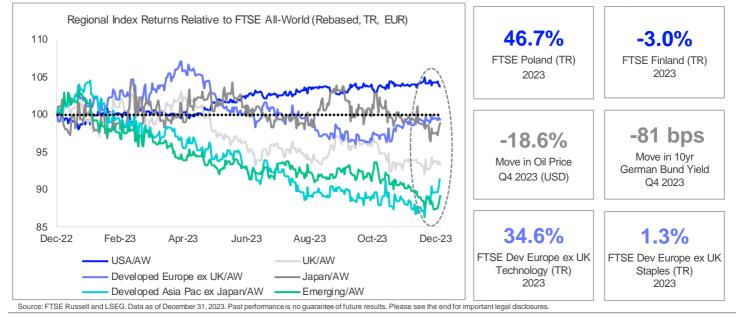
Factor performance - Value and Quality outperform

Despite Q4 underperformance, Value outperformed over 2023, except in the US. Quality also posted excess returns for the year. Performance of (Small) Size, Momentum, Low Vol and Dividend Yield was mixed for 2023. (page 9)

Foreign exchange – Performance vs the USD mixed

FX performance vs the USD over 2023 was mixed, though the USD weakened broadly in Q4 as investors rebalanced toward risk assets. Notably, JPY and CNY weakened, and EUR and GBP moderately appreciated versus the USD over the year. (page 10)

Appendix - Asset Class Risk/Returns (1-Year and 5-Year Annualised), Correlation, Regional Performance and Country Exposures.

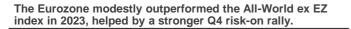


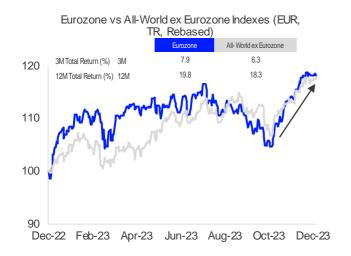
Global asset class performance over 2023 was strongly impacted by monetary policy expectations, with the backdrop of easing inflation and mixed growth prospects in major developed markets.

CPI inflation trended down in the US, UK and Eurozone since its peak in mid-2022, helped by easing supply chain constraints. The closely-watched US PCE was also down to 2.6% in November, better than projected.

As inflation eased toward long-term targets, the Fed has held its policy rate since July, the ECB since September, and the BoE since August, albeit at high levels. They continued to strike a cautionary tone at year-end, but their December decisions to hold rates further solidified market expectation that the "higher-for-longer" narrative is at an end and shifted market focus toward the magnitude of expected rate cuts in 2024. Long rates peaked in late October in the US, declining through November and December, buoying long-duration assets.

Monetary policy in Japan and China continued to diverge during the year. The BoJ maintained ultra-loose policy in efforts to institute a sustainable inflation cycle. And the PBoC reduced China's main policy rate amid growth concerns.





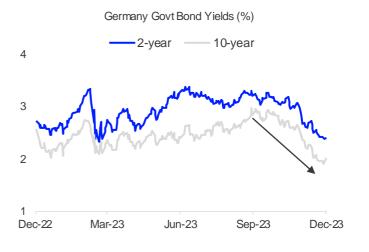
The year started with consensus expectations that the aggressive hiking cycle would push major economies into a recession. Although the Eurozone and the UK contracted in Q3, general recession fears did not quite materialize. However, 2024 growth expectations remain muted across major regions.

The US was a bright spot in 2023 both in terms of growth and equity market performance. While AI-led optimism boosted tech in most markets, the US seems to have benefited most. Japan's ultra-low rates and weaker yen boosted its equity markets, while China was a major drag on Emerging's performance.

Markets also weathered idiosyncratic events such as the banking crisis in March, the conflict in Gaza that began in October and led to broader contagion fears, and the drop in oil prices in Q4 that hurt the energy industry. The resulting volatility created haven demand for government bonds, the USD and gold. However, the Q4 risk-on rally pushed risk assets, particularly cyclical equities, high yield and long-duration bonds on top for the year.

Differing growth and monetary policy outlooks at year-end have set the stage for potential divergence in regional market performances in 2024.





	GDP	9 (%)	Composite PMI		CPI (%)		CPIC	CPI Core (%) Unemploy		/ment (%)	Policy Rate (%)		10YR Y	ield (%)
	QoQ ^a	Poll			Y	ъY	Yo	ρY						
period	23Q3	2024	Nov	Oct	Nov	Oct	Nov	Oct	Nov	Oct	Dec	Chng	Dec	Nov
US	4.9	1.2	50.7	50.7	3.1	3.2	4.0	4.0	3.7	3.9	5.50	HOLD	3.86	4.35
Canada	-1.1	0.7	47.7 ^b	48.6 ^c	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.8	5.8	5.7	5.00	HOLD	3.11	3.55
UK	-0.5	0.4	50.7	48.7	4.0	4.6	5.2	5.7	4.0	4.0	5.25	HOLD	3.54	4.18
Germany	-0.5	0.5	47.8	45.9	3.2	3.9	3.8	4.4	5.8	5.8	4.50	HOLD	2.03	2.45
Eurozone	-0.5	0.6	47.6	46.5	2.5	3.0	3.6	4.2	0.0	6.5	4.50	HOLD	-	-
Japan	-2.1	0.9 ^d	49.6	50.5	2.8	3.3	3.8	4.0	2.5	2.5	-0.10	HOLD	0.63	0.67
China	-0.1 ^e	4.4	51.6	50.0	-0.5	-0.2	0.6	0.7	5.1	5.2	3.45	HOLD	2.58	2.69

Key Macro Indicators for Select Regions

a-QoQ GDP growth rates are annualized. b, c-PMI for Canada is manufacturing PMI. d-Japan's GDP poll growth rate is for FY 2024 ending March 2025. e-China GDP is for Q2 2023.

Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. Data as of December 31, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures

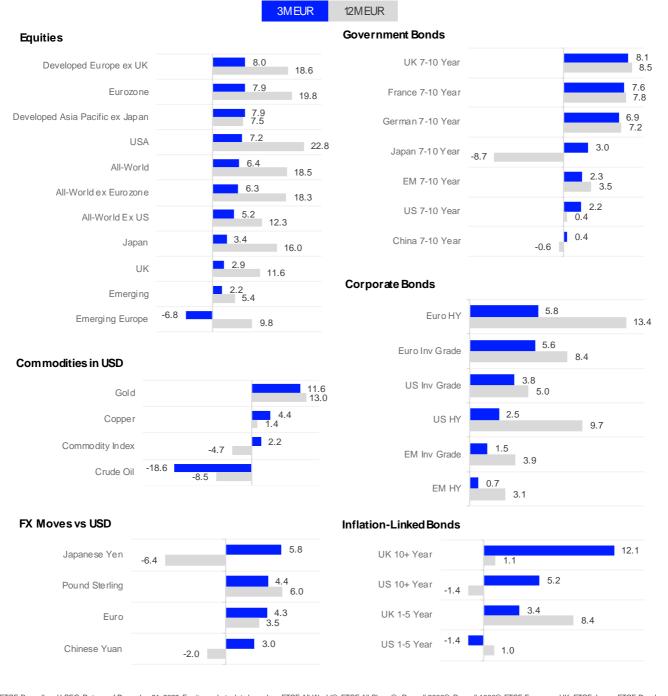
Key Observations

Equities continued their risk-on rally in December, extending gains for Q4. Europe, Asia Pacific and the US outperformed the FTSE All-World in Q4, while Japan, the UK and Emerging lagged in that order. Emerging Europe posted losses for the quarter. US equities led the pack for 2023, aided by strong performance in tech, followed by Europe. The broad Emerging index lagged the most, with China being a major detractor from the Emerging index's performance. (page 4).

Government 7-10yr bonds rallied in Q4, with UK and European bonds outperforming those in Japan, EM, the US and China. UK 7-10yr bonds outperformed their peers in 2023 and, unsurprisingly, Japanese 7-10yr bonds posted losses. In Q4, investment grade outperformed high yield credit in the US and EM, while European high yield retained 2023 leadership. Long-dated (10yr+) inflation-linked bonds in the UK and US extended their gains in December, strongly outperforming their 1-5yr counterparts for Q4, as long real yields fell. While they reversed losses from earlier quarters, they still lagged short-term ILBs for 2023.

Gold continued to rally in Q4, extending its gains for the year, while oil continued its retreat ending Q4 and the year in the red. The broad commodity index also posted losses for the year despite Q4 gains. Copper posted modest gains for 2023.

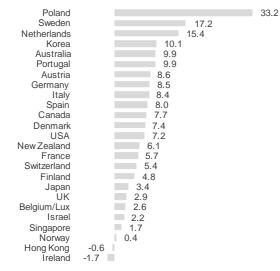
Major currencies gained versus the USD in Q4, while performance over 2023 was mixed. Despite Q4 gains, the JPY and CNY depreciated vs the USD over the year. The EUR and GBP moderately appreciated over the quarter and year. (page 10).



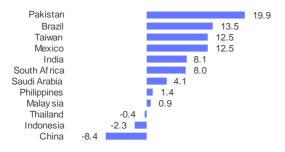
Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. Data as of December 31, 2023. Equity markets data based on: FTSE All-World®, FTSE All-Share®, Russell 2000®, Russell 1000®, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan, FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan and FTSE Emerging indexes. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.



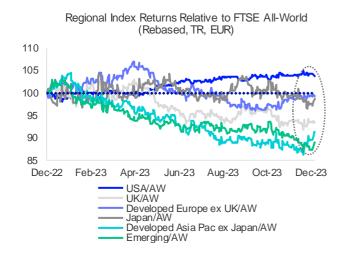
FTSE Developed 3M EUR

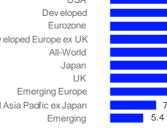


FTSE Emerging 3M EUR

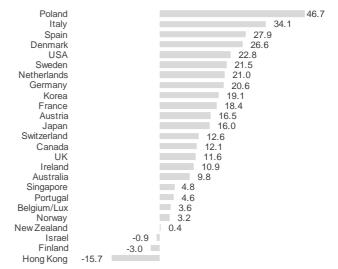


Europe, Asia Pac & the US outpaced the global index in Q4; Emerging Europe lagged most. US led over 12M.

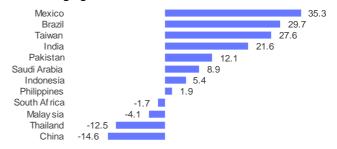




FTSE Developed 12M EUR

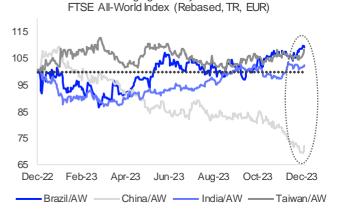


FTSE Emerging 12M EUR



The Emerging index lagged peers over 12M, despite strong gains in Brazil, Taiwan and India, with China being a major detractor.

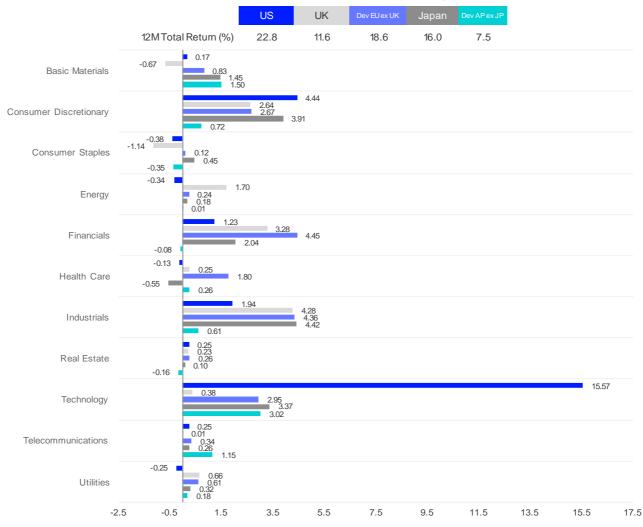
Select FTSE Emerging Country Relative Returns vs



Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. Data as of December 31, 2023. Equity markets data based on: FTSE All-World®, FTSE All-Share®, Russell 2000®, Russell 1000®, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan, FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan and FTSE Emerging indexes. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

Key Observations

- Industry contributions were broadly positive for the year, led by cyclicals such as technology, discretionary and industrials, along with financials in most markets. Defensives struggled, detracting from 12M performance in several regions.
- In the US, technology, boosted by AI-led optimism, contributed about two-thirds of the US index's gains for 2023. Discretionary, industrials and financials also pitched in substantially, while staples, energy, utilities and healthcare detracted modestly.
- In the UK, industrials, financials and discretionary were the top three contributors, while staples and materials detracted notably. In Europe, all industries contributed, led by financials, industrials and technology.
- In Japan, most industries contributed with industrials, discretionary and technology being the top three, while health care detracted notably. In Asia Pacific, most industries contributed, led by technology and materials.



Cyclicals such as technology, discretionary and industrials finished 2023 on top with Q4 risk-on rally. Defensives lagged.

	12M	Regional Ir	ndustry Re	turns (TR,	EUR)
	US	UK	Dev EU ex UK	Japan	Dev AP ex JP
Basic Materials	8.8	- 6.4	17.7	30.0	12.4
Consumer Disc.	33.8	26.2	20.9	17.3	8.3
Consumer Staples	- 6.1	- 6.2	1.3	6.8	- 8.5
Energy	- 6.4	13.5	5.2	24.5	0.6
Financials	10.7	19.4	26.4	18.1	- 0.2
Health Care	- 0.8	2.0	10.7	- 5.7	3.9
Industrials	15.2	37.3	25.4	17.8	5.3
Real Estate	8.7	18.1	24.6	2.2	- 2.1
Technology	61.7	55.5	34.6	33.7	32.9
Telecoms	9.7	0.8	10.5	6.0	10.2
Utilities	- 7.6	17.0	14.5	23.6	6.8

Tech dominates in the US; financials are largest in the UK and Asia Pacific; and industrials is top in Europe and Japan.

	I	Regional In	dustry Exp	osures (%	6)
	US	UK	Dev EU ex UK	Japan	Dev AP ex JP
Basic Materials	1.7	8.3	4.6	5.4	12.7
Consumer Disc.	14.4	11.4	13.2	22.8	8.5
Consumer Staples	4.8	15.5	8.3	6.4	3.4
Energy	4.0	12.4	4.2	0.8	3.5
Financials	10.3	18.1	17.7	11.5	26.6
Health Care	12.0	12.6	15.9	7.8	6.6
Industrials	12.0	14.3	18.2	24.7	11.1
Real Estate	2.6	1.4	1.1	3.6	6.9
Technology	33.4	0.9	9.7	11.7	5.5
Telecoms	2.2	1.2	3.0	4.0	12.3
Utilities	2.6	4.0	4.1	1.4	2.8

Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. All data as of December 31, 2023. Equity markets data based on: FTSE USA, FTSE UK, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan and FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan Indexes and Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB®) industry groups. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

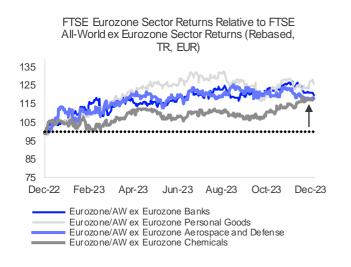
FTSE Euro vs AW ex Euro: Sector-Weighted Return Contributions - 2023 (EUR, TR %)

		Eurozone	All-World ex Eurozone			
		19.8	18.3			
		Top 10 Con	tributors			
Banks		3.04	Technology Hard	dware & Equip		5.51
Technology Hardware & Equip		2.61	Software and Comp	outer Services		5.40
Software and Computer Services	1.65			Retailers	1.31	
PersonalGoods	1.54		Automob	iles and Parts	0.85	
Automobiles and Parts	1.34			Banks	0.67	
Non-life Insurance	1.18		Industrial Sup	oport Services	0.67	
Construction and Materials	1.03		Investment Banking	g & Brokerage	0.61	
Aerospace and Defense	0.98		Gene	eral Industrials	0.42	
Chemicals	0.98		Trave	el and Leisure	0.40	
General Industrials	0.86		Construction	and Materials	0.31	

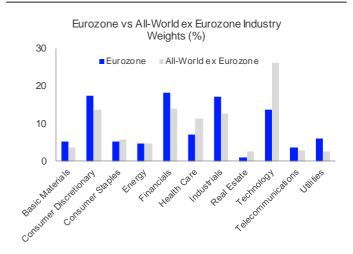
Bottom 10 Contributors

Leisure Goods	0.03	Gas Water and Multi-utilities	-0.01
Industrial Engineering	0.01	Life Insurance	-0.03
Industrial Materials	0.01	Tobacco	-0.04
Finance and Credit Services	0.00	Personal Care Drug and Grocery Stores	-0.06
Beverages	-0.02	Personal Goods	-0.07
Alternative Energy	-0.07	Health Care Providers	-0.08
Consumer Services	-0.09	Beverages	-0.08
Telecommunications Equipment	-0.15	Alternative Energy	-0.09
Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology	-0.25	Electricity	-0.09
Industrial Support Services	-0.31	Food Producers	-0.10

The Eurozone outperformed non-EZ peers over 12M, led by bigger gains in banks, personal goods, aerospace & chemicals.



The Eurozone is more tilted to discretionary, industrials and financials than non-EZ peers and less to tech and health care.



Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. Equity markets data based on: FTSE USA, FTSE UK, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan and FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan Indexes and Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB®) industry groups. All data as of December 31, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

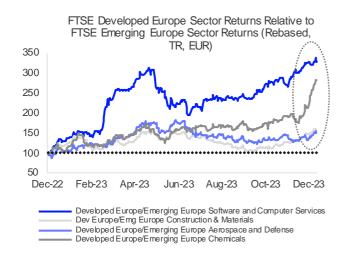
FTSE Dev vs Emerging Europe: Sector-Weighted Return Contributions – 2023 (EUR, TR %)

	Developed Europe 16.9	Emerging Europe 9.8	
	Тор 10 Со	ontributors	
Banks	2.26	Banks	9.26
Technology Hardware and Equipment	1.33	Oil Gas and Coal	2.33
Pharmaceuticals & Biotech	1.14	Electricity	1.53
Construction and Materials	1.12	Personal Care, Drug & Grocery	1.19
Software and Computer Services	0.97	Leisure Goods	0.96
Investment Banking & Brokerage	0.92	Travel and Leisure	0.61
Aerospace and Defense	0.89	Beverages	0.42
Personal Goods	0.83	Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology	0.37
Non-life Insurance	0.78	Retailers	0.22
Electronic and Electrical Equipment	0.77	General Industrials	0.21

Bottom 10 Contributors

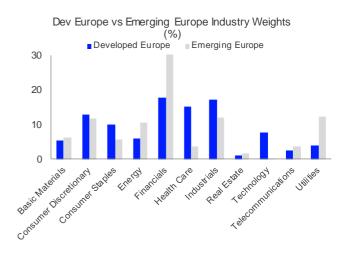
	Aerospace and Defense	0.05		Life Insurance
	Telecommunications Service Providers	0.03		Health Care Providers
	Household Gds & Home Construction	0.02		Industrial Materials
	Automobiles and Parts)	0.00	Leisure Goods
	Software and Computer Services)	0.00	Precious Metals and Mining
	Construction and Materials		-0.01	Alternative Energy
	Precious Metals and Mining		-0.06	Telecommunications Equipment
	Real Estate Investment Trusts		-0.10	Industrial Metals and Mining
	Industrial Metals and Mining	1	-0.20	Beverages
-3.29	Chemicals	i –	-0.21	Tobacco

Dev Europe vastly outpaced Emerging Europe in 2023, helped by outperformance in software, construction, aerospace & chemicals.



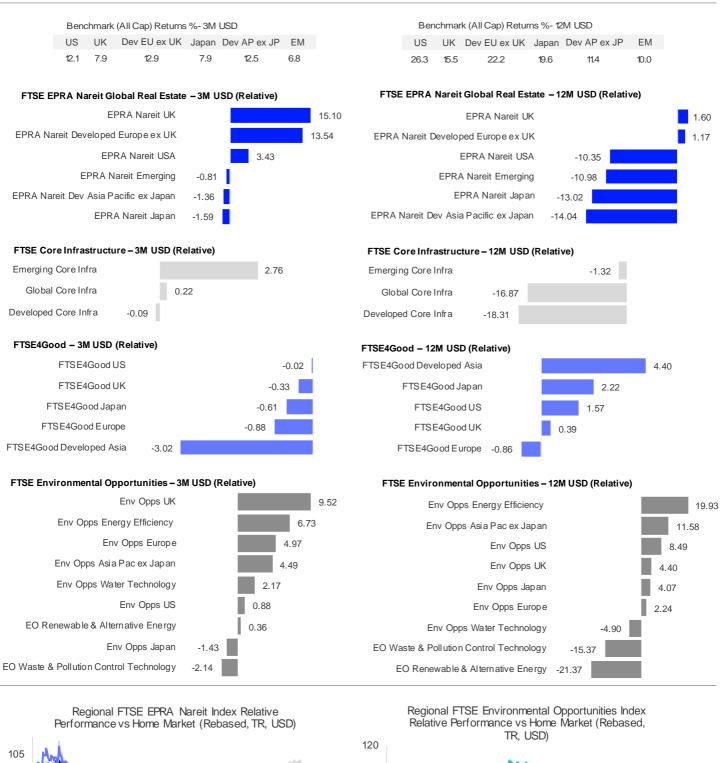
Emerging Europe is more tilted to financials, energy & utilities than Dev Europe and less to tech, health care & staples.

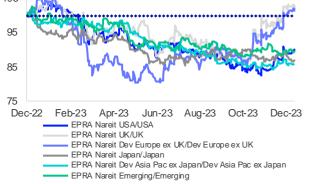
-0.18 -0.25 -0.27 -0.28 -0.32 -0.52 -0.56 -0.57



Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. Equity markets data based on: FTSE USA, FTSE UK, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan and FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan Indexes and Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB®) industry groups. All data as of December 31, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

Alternative Indices – REITs, FTSE4Good, Environmental Opportunities, Infrastructure (USD)







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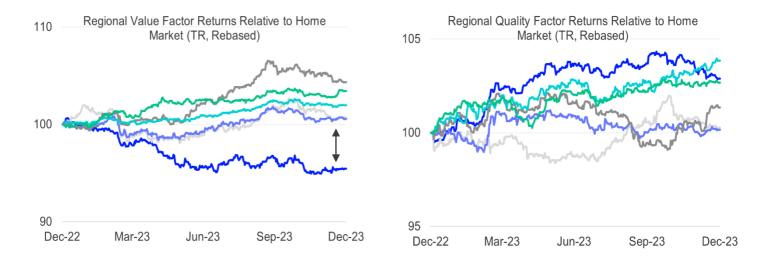


2023

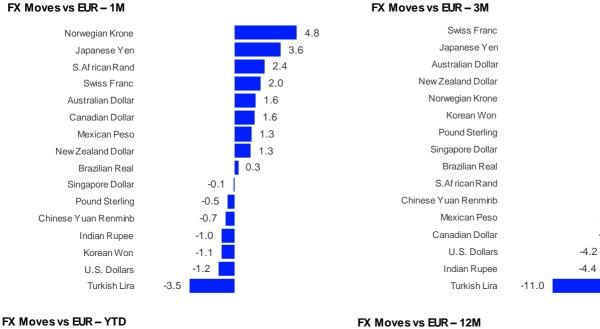


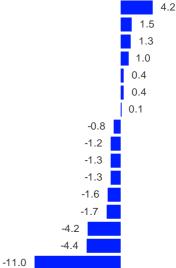
Despite lagging in Q4, Value outperformed in 2023, with the notable exception of the US.

Quality also finished ahead of the benchmark over 12M, despite mixed Q4 performance.



Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. All data as of December 31, 2023. Index data based on: FTSE USA, FTSE UK, FTSE Europe ex UK, FTSE Japan and FTSE Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan indices and Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB®) industry groups. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.



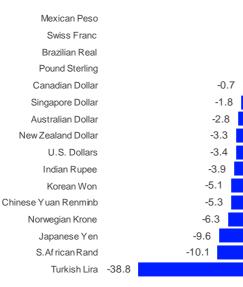


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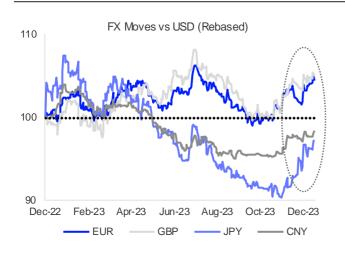
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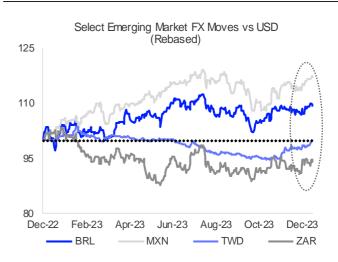


Mexican Peso			11.2
Swiss Franc			6.2
Brazilian Real			5.0
Pound Sterling			2.4
Canadian Dollar		-0.7	
Singapore Dollar		-1.8	
Australian Dollar		-2.8	
New Zealand Dollar		-3.3	
U.S. Dollars		-3.4	
Indian Rupee		-3.9	
Korean Won		-5.1	
Chinese Yuan Renminb		-5.3	
Norwegian Krone		-6.3	
Japanese Yen		-9.6	
S.African Rand		-10.1	
Turkish Lira	-38.8		

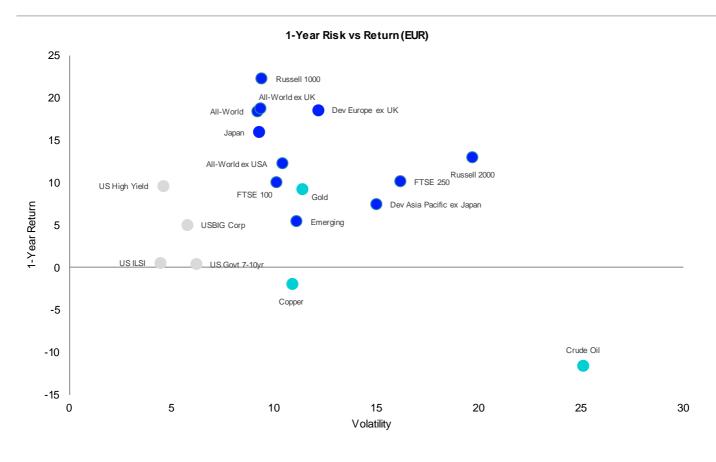
The US dollar retreated broadly in Q4, while 12M FX moves vs USD were mixed. EUR and GBP gained vs USD in 2023.



Most EM currencies rose vs USD in Q4, while 12M performance was mixed. Mexican peso and Brazilian real gained most in 2023.



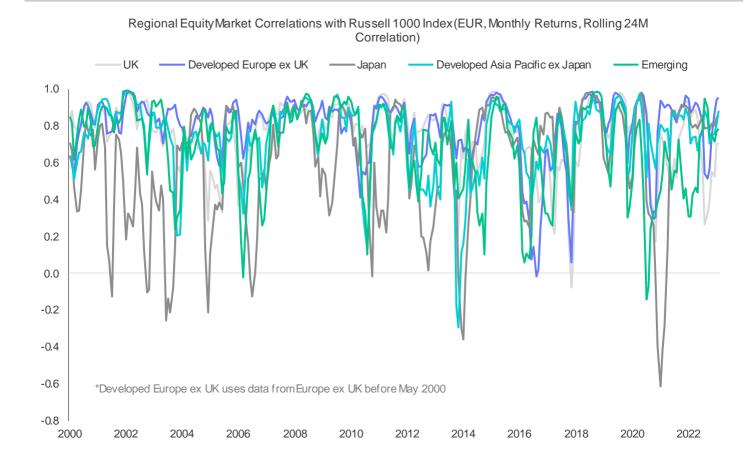
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Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. All data as of December 31, 2023. Equity market data based on: FTSE Regional, and FTSE Developed Indexes. Returns shown for UK, Europe ex UK, Japan, and Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan Factor Indicators represent hypothetical, historical performance. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

Correlations



Russell 1000			0.98	0.80	0.68	0.82	0.68	0.71	0.42	0.41	0.54	0.71	0.60	-0.07
Russell 2000			0.83	0.75	0.64	0.68	0.67	0.74	0.47	0.26	0.39	0.66	0.45	-0.24
All-World	0.98		-	0.90	0.77	0.89	0.76		0.56	0.38	0.48	0.67	0.59	-0.04
All-World ex USA	0.80	0.75	0.90	-	0.86	0.91	0.80	0.93	0.77	0.24	0.28	0.50	0.48	0.02
UK	0.68	0.64	0.77	0.86		0.88	0.57	0.76	0.50	0.11	0.24	0.46	0.27	-0.05
Developed Europe ex UK	0.82	0.68	0.89	0.91	0.88	-	0.64	0.79	0.48	0.20	0.25	0.47	0.41	0.03
Japan	0.68	0.67	0.76	0.80	0.57	0.64		0.73	0.60	0.41	0.42	0.64	0.62	-0.08
Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan	0.71	0.74	0.82	0.93	0.76	0.79	0.73	-	0.74	0.16	0.24	0.42	0.39	0.13
Emerging	0.42	0.47	0.56	0.77	0.50	0.48	0.60	0.74	-	0.17	0.11	0.20	0.36	0.04
US Govt 7-10yr	0.41	0.26	0.38	0.24	0.11	0.20	0.41	0.16	0.17			0.64	0.93	0.12
US ILSI	0.54	0.39	0.48	0.28	0.24	0.25	0.42	0.24	0.11	0.83		0.81	0.78	0.13
US High Yield	0.71	0.66	0.67	0.50	0.46	0.47	0.64	0.42	0.20	0.64	0.81	-	0.74	-0.18
USBIG Corp	0.60	0.45	0.59	0.48	0.27	0.41	0.62	0.39	0.36	0.93	0.78	0.74		-0.02
Gold	-0.07	-0.24	-0.04	0.02	-0.05	0.03	-0.08	0.13	0.04	0.12	0.13	-0.18	-0.02	-
	Russell 1000	Russell 2000	All-World	All-World ex USA	UK	Dev Europeex UK	Japan	Dev Asia Pacific ex JP	Emerging	US Govt 7- 10yr	US IL SI	US High Yield	USBIG Corp	Gold

Three-Year Correlation Matrix (EUR)

Source: FTSE Russell and LSEG. All data as of December 31, 2023. Equity market data based on: FTSE Regional, and FTSE Developed Indexes. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Please see the end for important legal disclosures.

Appendix

	Wgt (%)	Mkt Cap		1	м			3	м		12M				
—		(USD bn)	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	
All-World	100.0	67,836	4.0	4.8	4.1	3.5	9.3	11.0	6.3	6.4	22.1	22.6	15.7	18.5	
Developed	90.2	61,205	4.1	4.9	4.2	3.6	9.8	11.5	6.8	6.9	23.6	24.2	17.2	20.0	
USA	60.9	41,326	4.6	4.6	3.9	3.3	11.9	11.9	7.1	7.2	27.1	27.1	19.9	22.8	
Developed Europe ex UK	12.2	8,301	3.2	5.1	4.4	3.9	6.9	12.7	7.9	8.0	17.3	22.8	15.8	18.6	
Emerging	9.8	6,632	2.8	3.6	2.9	2.3	5.0	6.6	2.1	2.2	9.0	9.1	2.9	5.4	
Japan	6.3	4,243	-0.5	4.4	3.7	3.1	1.9	7.9	3.3	3.4	28.2	20.0	13.3	16.0	
Developed Asia Pacific ex Japan	4.4	2,992	6.6	8.2	7.5	6.9	7.7	12.6	7.8	7.9	11.3	11.2	5.0	7.5	
UK	3.8	2,554	4.1	4.8	4.1	3.6	2.7	7.3	2.7	2.9	9.0	15.5	9.0	11.6	

Developed - Top 20 by % weight (TR)

Developed - Top 201	by /owergin (II	9												
					М			-	M				2 M	
			LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR
Developed	100.0	61,205	4.1	4.9	4.2	3.6	9.8	11.5	6.8	6.9	23.6	24.2	17.2	20.0
USA	67.5	41,326	4.6	4.6	3.9	3.3	11.9	11.9	7.1	7.2	27.1	27.1	19.9	22.8
Japan	6.9	4,243	-0.5	4.4	3.7	3.1	1.9	7.9	3.3	3.4	28.2	20.0	13.3	16.0
UK	4.2	2,554	4.1	4.8	4.1	3.6	2.7	7.3	2.7	2.9	9.0	15.5	9.0	11.6
France	3.1	1,913	3.3	4.6	3.8	3.3	5.7	10.3	5.6	5.7	18.4	22.6	15.6	18.4
Canada	2.8	1,685	4.3	7.2	6.5	5.9	9.6	12.4	7.6	7.7	12.9	16.0	9.5	12.1
Switzerland	2.6	1,611	2.2	5.6	4.9	4.3	1.2	9.9	5.3	5.4	6.0	16.5	9.9	12.6
Germany	2.3	1,406	3.1	4.4	3.7	3.1	8.5	13.2	8.4	8.5	20.6	24.8	17.7	20.6
Australia	2.2	1,375	7.4	10.5	9.7	9.1	8.4	14.6	9.8	9.9	12.9	13.6	7.2	9.8
Korea	1.5	937	6.6	6.8	5.9	5.0	10.3	15.5	10.4	10.1	26.2	23.9	16.7	19.1
Netherlands	1.2	752	5.7	7.0	6.3	5.7	15.4	20.4	15.2	15.4	21.0	25.3	18.2	21.0
Sweden	0.9	560	7.7	11.9	11.2	10.6	13.4	22.3	17.1	17.2	21.6	25.7	18.6	21.5
Denmark	0.9	524	2.5	3.8	3.1	2.5	7.3	12.0	7.3	7.4	27.0	31.1	23.7	26.6
Italy	0.7	453	2.1	3.4	2.6	2.1	8.4	13.1	8.2	8.4	34.1	38.8	31.0	34.1
Spain	0.7	448	0.5	1.7	1.0	0.5	8.0	12.7	7.9	8.0	27.9	32.4	24.9	27.9
Hong Kong	0.7	402	5.1	5.2	4.4	3.9	3.4	3.7	-0.7	-0.6	-12.7	-12.7	-17.6	-15.7
Singapore	0.4	224	5.5	6.7	6.0	5.4	2.6	6.1	1.6	1.7	6.7	8.5	2.3	4.8
Finland	0.3	181	3.1	4.4	3.7	3.1	4.8	9.3	4.7	4.8	-3.0	0.4	-5.2	-3.0
Belgium/Lux	0.3	160	2.0	3.2	2.5	2.0	2.6	7.1	2.5	2.6	3.6	7.3	1.2	3.6
Norway	0.2	120	-0.7	5.4	4.7	4.1	0.0	4.8	0.3	0.4	10.2	6.9	0.8	3.2
Israel	0.2	104	4.1	7.6	6.9	6.3	0.9	6.7	2.1	2.2	4.7	2.6	-3.2	-0.9

Emerging - Top 10 by % weight (TR)

			1M 3M					3M			1:	12M		
			LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR	LOCAL	USD	GBP	EUR
Emerging	100.0	6,632	2.8	3.6	2.9	2.3	5.0	6.6	2.1	2.2	9.0	9.1	2.9	5.4
China	29.3	1,941	-2.4	-2.4	-3.1	-3.6	-4.7	-4.4	-8.5	-8.4	-11.6	-11.6	-16.6	-14.6
India	20.6	1,367	8.3	8.6	7.8	7.2	13.0	12.8	8.0	8.1	26.6	25.8	18.7	21.6
Taiwan	17.7	1,171	3.7	5.5	4.8	4.2	11.6	17.4	12.4	12.5	31.8	32.0	24.6	27.6
Brazil	6.9	458	5.7	7.3	6.6	6.0	14.9	18.4	13.4	13.5	23.5	34.2	26.7	29.7
Saudi Arabia	4.7	308	6.8	6.8	6.1	5.5	8.6	8.6	4.0	4.1	12.5	12.7	6.3	8.9
South Africa	3.4	229	3.0	6.7	6.0	5.4	9.4	12.7	7.9	8.0	9.3	1.7	-4.0	-1.7
Mexico	3.4	223	6.2	9.0	8.2	7.6	14.3	17.3	12.3	12.5	21.7	40.0	32.1	35.3
Thailand	2.3	150	2.7	5.9	5.0	4.0	-2.1	4.4	-0.2	-0.4	-10.3	-8.9	-14.2	-12.5
Indonesia	2.2	146	3.5	4.2	3.5	3.0	1.5	1.9	-2.4	-2.3	7.9	9.1	3.0	5.4
UAE	1.9	125	0.3	0.3	-0.4	-0.9	-3.6	-3.5	-7.7	-7.6	-3.1	-3.1	-8.5	-6.3

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