

FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index

v1.0

Contents

Section 1 Introduction	3
Section 2 Management responsibilities	5
Section 3 FTSE Russell index policies	6
Section 4 Eligible securities	8
Section 5 Factor construction	9
Section 6 Index construction	10
Section 7 Periodic review of constituents	11
Section 8 Changes to constituent companies	13
Section 9 Corporate actions and events	14
Section 10 Treatment of dividends	15
Section 11 Index calculation	16
Appendix A Calculation schedule	17
Appendix B Status of indices	18
Appendix C Further information	19

Section 1

Introduction

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This document sets out the Ground Rules for the construction and management of FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index.
- 1.2 FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index is designed to represent the performance of securities in the underlying universe exhibiting high growth potential characteristics.
- 1.3 These Ground Rules should be read in conjunction with the following index rules and guides, which are available at www.lseg.com/en/ftse-russell/:
- FTSE Global Equity Index Series Ground Rules;
 - FTSE Hong Kong Equity Index Series Ground Rules;
 - FTSE MPF Index Series; and
 - The Corporate Actions and Events Guide for Market Capitalisation Weighted Indices.
- 1.4 Price, total and net-of-tax return indices will be calculated on an end-of-day basis.
- Total return indices include income based on ex-dividend adjustments. All dividends are applied as declared in FTSE Total Return Indices.
- Net-of-tax Total Return Indices are calculated based on the maximum withholding tax rates applicable to dividends received by institutional investors who are not resident in the same country as the remitting company and who do not benefit from double taxation treaties.
- 1.5 FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index does not take account of ESG factors in its design.
- 1.6 The base currency is HKD. Index values may also be published in other currencies.
- 1.7 The index may be calculated in real time.
- 1.8 FTSE Russell**
- 1.8.1 FTSE Russell hereby notifies users of the index that it is possible that circumstances, including external events beyond the control of FTSE Russell, may necessitate changes to, or the cessation of, the index and therefore, any financial contracts or other financial instruments that reference the index or investment funds which use the index to measure their performance should be able to withstand, or otherwise address the possibility of changes to, or cessation of, the index.
- 1.8.2 Index users who choose to follow this index or to buy products that claim to follow this index should assess the merits of the index rules-based methodology and take independent investment advice before investing their own or client funds. No liability whether as a result of negligence or otherwise is accepted by FTSE Russell (or any person concerned with the preparation or publication of these Ground Rules) for any losses, damages, claims and expenses suffered by any person as a result of:
- any reliance on these Ground Rules;
 - any inaccuracies in these Ground Rules;

- any non-application or misapplication of the policies or procedures described in these Ground Rules;
and/or
- any inaccuracies in the compilation of the index or any constituent data.

Section 2

Management responsibilities

2. Management responsibilities

2.1 FTSE International Limited (FTSE)

2.1.1 FTSE is the benchmark administrator of the index¹.

2.1.2 FTSE is responsible for the daily calculation, production and operation of the index, and will:

- maintain records of the index weightings of all constituents;
- make changes to the constituents and their weightings in accordance with the Ground Rules;
- carry out periodic index reviews of the index and apply the changes resulting from the reviews as required by the Ground Rules;
- publish changes to the constituent weightings resulting from their ongoing maintenance and the periodic reviews; and
- disseminate the indices.

2.2 Amendments to these Ground Rules

2.2.1 These Ground Rules shall be subject to regular review (at least once a year) by FTSE Russell to ensure that they continue to best reflect the aims of the index. Any proposals for significant amendments to these Ground Rules will be subject to consultation with FTSE Russell advisory committees and other stakeholders if appropriate. The feedback from these consultations will be considered by the FTSE Russell Index Governance Board before approval is granted.

2.2.2 Where FTSE Russell determines that the Ground Rules are silent or do not specifically and unambiguously apply to the subject matter of any decision, any decision shall be based as far as practical on the Statement of Principles. After making any such determination, FTSE Russell shall advise the market of its decision at the earliest opportunity. Any such treatment will not be considered as an exception or change to the Ground Rules, or to set a precedent for future action, but FTSE Russell will consider whether the Ground Rules should subsequently be updated to provide greater clarity.

¹ The term administrator is used in this document in the same sense as it is defined in [Regulation \(EU\) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds](#) (the European Benchmark Regulation) and [The Benchmarks \(Amendment and Transitional Provision\) \(EU Exit\) Regulations 2019](#) (the UK Benchmark Regulation)

Section 3

FTSE Russell index policies

3. FTSE Russell index policies

These Ground Rules should be read in conjunction with the following policy documents, which can be accessed using the links below.

3.1 Queries and Complaints

FTSE Russell's complaints procedure can be accessed using the following link:
[Benchmark Determination Complaints Handling Policy.pdf](#)

3.2 Index Policy for Trading Halts and Market Closures

Guidance for the treatment of index changes in the event of trading halts or market closures can be found using the following link:

[Index Policy for Trading Halts and Market Closures.pdf](#)

3.3 Index Policy in the Event Clients are Unable to Trade a Market or a Security

3.3.1 Details of FTSE Russell's treatment can be accessed using the following link:

[Index Policy in the Event Clients are Unable to Trade a Market or a Security.pdf](#)

3.4 Recalculation Policy and Guidelines

3.4.1 Where an inaccuracy is identified, FTSE Russell will follow the steps set out in the FTSE Russell Index Recalculation Guidelines when determining whether an index or index should be recalculated and/or associated data products reissued. Users of FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index will be notified through appropriate media.

For further information, please refer to the FTSE Russell Recalculation Policy and Guidelines document, which is available on the FTSE Russell website using the link below:

[Recalculation Policy and Guidelines Equity Indices.pdf](#)

3.5 Policy for Benchmark Methodology Changes

Details of FTSE Russell's policy for making benchmark methodology changes can be accessed using the following link:

[Policy for Benchmark Methodology Changes.pdf](#)

3.6 FTSE Russell Governance Framework

3.6.1 To oversee its indices, FTSE Russell employs a governance framework that encompasses product, service and technology governance. The framework incorporates the London Stock Exchange Group's three lines of defence risk management framework and is designed to meet the requirements of the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks², the European benchmark regulation³ and the UK benchmark regulation⁴. The FTSE Russell Governance Framework can be accessed using the following link:

[FTSE_Russell_Governance_Framework.pdf](#)

3.7 Real Time Status Definitions

3.7.1 Please refer to the following guide for details of real time status definitions for indices which are calculated in real time.

[Real Time Status Definitions.pdf](#)

² IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks Final Report, FR07/13 July 2013

³ Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2016 on indices used as benchmarks in financial instruments and financial contracts or to measure the performance of investment funds

⁴ The Benchmarks (Amendment and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

Section 4

Eligible securities

4. Eligible securities

4.1 The eligible securities of FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index consist of:

- FTSE MPF Hong Kong Index; and
- Hong Kong listed securities restricted by US Executive Order that are also constituents of FTSE All-World plus US Executive Order Exclusions Index.

4.2 Screens

4.2.1 ROE growth screen

Securities ranked within the bottom 10% of ROE growth over the past year are excluded. ROE growth is calculated as the difference between the latest ROE(TTM) and the ROE(TTM) from one year ago.

4.2.2 Gross income screen

Securities with negative gross income for the past fiscal year are excluded.

Section 5

Factor construction

5. Factor construction

5.1 Growth Composite Score

5.1.1 A growth composite score is calculated for each underlying security using the following metrics:

EP_{SG} = (EP_{SFY2} – EP_{SFY0})/EP_{SFY0}, where EP_{SFY0} is the reported earnings per share for the prior fiscal year. EP_{SFY2} is the median estimate for earnings per share for the next fiscal year after current one.

EP_{SM} = [(NUP_{FY1} + NUP_{FY2}) – (NDOWN_{FY1} + NDOWN_{FY2})]/(NEST_{FY1} + NEST_{FY2}), where NUP_{FY1}, NUP_{FY2} represent the number of upward estimates for earnings per share for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year after current one respectively. NDOWN_{FY1}, NDOWN_{FY2} represent the number of downward estimates for earnings per share for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year after current one respectively. NEST_{FY1}, NEST_{FY2} represent the total number of estimates for earnings per share for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year after current one respectively.

ONI2GI = operating net income/gross income for the latest fiscal year

FCF2S = free cash flow/sales over latest 12 months

5.1.2 For EP_{SG}, EP_{SM} and ONI2GI, individual stock metrics are normalised cross-sectionally to create Z-scores within eligible universe according to:

$$Z_{F,i} = \frac{F_i - \mu_F}{\sigma_F} \text{ where } F \in \{ \text{EP}_{SG}, \text{EP}_{SM}, \text{ONI2GI} \}$$

5.1.3 For FCF2S, for securities that are not in the Financials (ICB 30) or Real Estate(ICB 35) industry, individual stock metrics are normalised cross-sectionally to create Z-scores within universe excluding Financials (ICB 30) and Real Estate(ICB 35) industry, according to:

$$Z_{FCF2S,i} = \frac{FCF2S_i - \mu_{FCF2S}}{\sigma_{FCF2S}}$$

For securities in the Financials (ICB 30) or Real Estate(ICB 35) industry, $Z_{FCF2S,i} = 0$.

5.1.4 For securities that are not in the Financials (ICB 30) or Real Estate(ICB 35) industry, a growth composite score is calculated as $\frac{1}{4}Z_{EP_{SG},i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{EP_{SM},i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{ONI2GI,i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{FCF2S,i}$.

For securities in the Financials (ICB 30) or Real Estate(ICB 35) industry, a growth composite score is calculated as $\frac{1}{4}Z_{EP_{SG},i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{EP_{SM},i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{ONI2GI,i} + \frac{1}{4}Z_{FCF2S,i}$.

Section 6

Index construction

6. Index construction

6.1 Constituent selection

Eligible securities are ranked by the growth composite score in descending order. Initially, the top ranked 50 securities are selected to form the target index. At each subsequent periodic reviews, turnover constraints are applied as detailed in section 7.2.

6.2 Weighting scheme

6.2.1 Constituent weightings in the FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index are based on free float market capitalisation.

6.2.2 A maximum weight cap of 9% is applied to all companies (rule 7.3).

Section 7

Periodic review of constituents

7. Periodic review of constituents

7.1 Review dates

- 7.1.1 FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index is reviewed quarterly in March, June, September and December.
- 7.1.2 The constituents will be reviewed using prices as at the close of business on the Wednesday before the first Friday of the review month (review price cut-off date) and incorporating underlying index constituent changes as of the next trading day following the third Friday of the review month.
- 7.1.3 The data cut-off date for the calculation of the composite score and all metrics used for screens is the close of business on the last business day of the month prior to the review month.
- 7.1.4 The review including any constituent changes and capping will be implemented after the close of business on the third Friday of the review month.
- 7.1.5 An additional rebalance of the index will be conducted at month-end of every March and September according to 7.3.2. Changes will be effective after the open of the last business day of Hong Kong market in the review month using the prices three days before effective date.

7.2 Review process

- 7.2.1 June and December Review
 - 7.2.1.1 Eligible companies are ranked in descending order of the growth composite score.
 - 7.2.1.2 The top ranked 50 securities are selected to form the selection list.
 - 7.2.1.3 If the number of additions is no more than 10, the selection list forms the target index.
 - 7.2.1.4 If the number of additions exceeds 10, eligible existing constituents are ranked in descending order of the growth composite score, whose rank equal to or above 40 remain in the index. If the number of eligible existing constituents is fewer than 40, additional existing constituents are selected in descending order based on corresponding screening indicator until the count reaches 40.
 - 7.2.1.5 The remaining are filled from other eligible securities with the highest growth composite score until the total number of constituents reaches 50.
- 7.2.2 March and September Review
 - 7.2.2.1 Existing constituents that remain within the universe specified in 4.1 will be retained. If the number of retained constituents is fewer than 50, the remaining positions will be filled by other eligible securities with the highest growth composite scores until the total number of constituents reaches 50.

7.3 Capping constituent weights at the periodic review

- 7.3.1 At each quarter review, constituents of FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index are weighted based on their free-float market capitalization, with each company weight capped at a maximum of 9%.
- 7.3.2 An additional rebalance of the index will be conducted at month-end of every March and September.

- 7.3.2.1 If on T-3 of last business day of the review month, the total weight of constituents non-eligible for Southbound Connect is less than 35%, no adjustments will be made to the weights.
- 7.3.2.2 If on T-3 of last business day of the review month, the total weight of constituents non-eligible for Southbound Connect is greater than 35%, the weight of constituents non-eligible/eligible for Southbound Connect will be rebalanced to 35%/65% effective after the open of the last business day of the review month using the prices three days before effective date.
- 7.3.3 The capping price date is defined as follows:
- For the review conducted under section 7.3.1, the capping price date will be the second Friday of the review month.
 - For the additional rebalance conducted under section 7.3.2, the capping price date will be the T-3 of last business day of the review month.
- 7.3.4 The capping will be based on prices at close on the capping price date of the review month (capping cut-off date) with constituents, shares in issue and investability weights as designated to take effect on the review effective date (Rule 7.1) of the review month.
- 7.3.5 The calculation will take into account any corporate actions/events that take effect after close on the capping price date of the review month up to and including the review effective date if they have been announced and confirmed by the capping price date of the review month.
- 7.3.6 Corporate actions/events announced after the capping price date of the review month that become effective up to and including the review effective date will not result in any further adjustment.

7.4 Index back histories

The availability of factor data prior to the launch date of the index is simulated through the application of lag on factor data. All index reviews prior to the index launch date incorporate the following treatments. ROE growth, gross income in rule 4.2, ONI2GI and FCF2S in rule 5.1 incorporates a lag of three months. EPSG and EPSM in rule 5.1 incorporate data announced prior to the data cut-off date.

Section 8

Changes to constituent companies

8. Changes to constituent companies

8.1 Intra-review additions

8.1.1 The FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index will not accept intra-review additions, subject to the treatment of spin-offs as detailed in Section 9. Additions to the index will be considered for inclusion at the next quarter review.

8.2 Intra-review deletions

8.2.1 A constituent will be removed from the FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index if it is removed from the corresponding underlying universes (Rule 4.1). The deletion will be concurrent with the deletion from the underlying universes, and its weight will be distributed pro-rata amongst the remaining constituents in the index.

Section 9

Corporate actions and events

9. Corporate actions and events

9.1 Full details of changes to constituent companies due to corporate actions and events can be accessed in the Corporate Actions and Events Guide for Market Cap Weighted Indices using the following link: [Corporate Actions and Events Guide for Market Capitalisation Weighted Indices.pdf](#)

A corporate action is an action on shareholders with a prescribed ex-date. The share price will be subject to an adjustment on the ex-date. These include the following:

- capital repayments;
- rights issues/entitlement offers;
- stock conversion;
- splits (sub-division)/reverse splits (consolidation); and
- scrip issues (capitalisation or bonus Issue)

A corporate event is a reaction to company news (event) that may impact the index depending on the index rules. For example, a company announces a strategic shareholder is offering to sell their shares (secondary share offer) – this could result in a free float weighting change in the index. Where an index adjustment is required, FTSE will provide notice advising of the timing of the change.

9.2 Shares in issue

Changes to the number of shares in issue for constituent securities are covered in the Corporate Actions and Events Guide.

9.3 Takeovers, mergers and spin-offs

The treatment of takeovers, mergers and spin-offs can be found within the respective Corporate Actions and Events Guide for Market Cap Weighted Indices.

9.4 Suspension of dealing

Suspension of dealing rules can be found within the Corporate Actions and Events Guide.

Section 10

Treatment of dividends

10. Treatment of dividends

- 10.1 Declared dividends are used to calculate the Standard Total Return Index. All dividends are applied as at the ex-div date.
- 10.2 The net of tax Total Return Index also calculated based on the maximum withholding tax rates applicable to dividends received by institutional investors who are not resident in the same country as the remitting company and who do not benefit from double taxation treaties.

Withholding tax rates used in the net-of-tax indices can be accessed using the following link:

[Withholding_Tax_Service](#)

Please also refer to the FTSE Russell Withholding Tax Guide which can be accessed using the following link:

[FTSE_Russell_Withholding_Tax_Guide.pdf](#)

Section 11

Index calculation

11. Index algorithm and calculation method

11.1 Prices

11.1.1 FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index uses actual closing mid-market or last-trade prices, where available for securities with local market quotations. Further details can be accessed using the following link: [Closing Prices Used For Index Calculation.pdf](#)

11.2 Calculation frequency

The FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index will be calculated on an end-of-day basis and displayed to eight decimal points.

11.3 Index calculation

11.3.1 The FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index is calculated using the algorithm described below:

$$\sum_{i=1}^N \frac{(p_i \times e_i \times s_i \times f_i \times c_i)}{d}$$

where:

- $i=1,2,\dots,N$;
- N is the number of securities in the index;
- p_i is the latest trade price of the component security (or the price at the close of the index on the previous day);
- e_i is the exchange rate required to convert the security's currency into the index's base currency;
- s_i is the number of shares in issue used by FTSE Russell for the security, as defined in these Ground Rules;
- f_i is the investability weighting factor to be applied to a security to allow amendments to its weighting, expressed as a number between 0 and 1, where 1 represents a 100% free float. This factor is published by FTSE Russell for each security in the underlying index;
- c_i is the capping factor to be applied to a security to correctly weight that security in the index. This factor maps the investable market capitalisation of each stock to a notional market capitalisation for inclusion in the index; and
- d is the divisor, a figure that represents the total issued share capital of the index at the base date. The divisor can be adjusted to allow changes in the issued share capital of individual securities to be made without distorting the index.

Appendix A

Calculation schedule

Index	Open	Close
FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index	09:30	16:15

All times are local Hong Kong Time.

The FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index will not be calculated on Hong Kong Public Holidays.

The official closing index value non-base currency will be calculated after receipt of the WMR FX Benchmarks Closing Spot Rates™ at 16:00 HK time.

Appendix B

Status of indices

The FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index will be calculated in real time.

For further details of real-time definitions, please refer to the following guide:

[Real Time Status Definitions.pdf](#)

Appendix C

Further information

A Glossary of Terms used in FTSE Russell's Ground Rules documents can be found using the following link:

[Glossary.pdf](#)

Further information on FTSE Hong Kong Core Growth Index is available from FTSE Russell.

For contact details please visit the FTSE Russell website or email FTSE Russell client services at info@ftserussell.com.

Website: www.lseg.com/en/ftse-russell/

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